THE CAMBRIA FREEMAN
is Published Weekly at
EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.
BY JAMES C. HASSON.
Guaranteed Circulation, 1,900

Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Publisher.

"HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE, AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE."

$1.50 and postage per year, in advance

VOLUME XIX. EBENSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1885. NUMBER 44.

Advertising Rates.

The large and reliable circulation of the CAMBRIA FREEMAN commends it to the favorable consideration of advertisers, whose favors will be inserted at the following low rates:

1 inch, 3 times		$1.50
1 "	3 months	2.50
1 "	6 months	[illegible]
1 "	1 year	5.00
2 "	6 months	[illegible]
2 "	1 year	10.00
3 "	6 months	8.00
3 "	1 year	12.00
½ col'n	6 months	10.00
½ "	6 months	[illegible]
½ "	1 year	35.00
1 "	6 months	40.00
1 "	1 year	75.00

Business items, first insertion 10c. per line; each subsequent insertion 5c. per line.
Administrator's and Executor's Notices ... 2.50
Auditor's Notices ... 2.00
Stray and similar Notices ... 1.50
☞ Resolutions or proceedings of any corporation or society, and communications designed to call attention to any matter of limited or individual interest must be paid for as advertisements.
JOB PRINTING of all kinds neatly and expeditiously executed at lowest prices. Don't you forget it.

A WREATH OF ORANGE BLOSSOMS.

CHAPTER I.

A blazing July day; the hottest day the year had seen. The streets of London wore an aspect of thorough laziness, and pedestrians seemed to shuffle rather than to walk along, so affected were they by the sun's rays, which poured with relentless fury upon the parched roads.

But although the streets were not very busy, the parks were—Hyde-park especially. Rotten Row was well filled with the *elite* of the fashionable world, and the side walks, as usual, held their hundreds of onlookers.

Among the promenaders was a tall and stately lady dressed in black silk, and whose face was concealed by a heavy black veil, through which it was impossible to penetrate.

Her bearing, proud and haughty in the extreme, attracted the attention of numbers of people, and many scores of eye-glasses were fixed very carefully, in order, probably, to view her the better.

Up and down, down and up, she walked, keeping her eyes well fixed on the Row, and scanning every rider who passed.

Suddenly she paused against the rails, clutched them tightly, and bent her head forward.

At the same moment, two riders, a lady and gentleman, passed, chatting merrily, and as they went up the Row, she looked fiercely after them.

Thus she stood until they had gone out of sight. Then she muttered in hard, cold tones:

"Then Alice is right, and she—she has taken my place! Oh, my God! can this be indeed! But let her beware! May my most bitter curse rest upon you, Grace Thorne!"

Now she moved away, and after penetrating the crowd of idlers, passed rapidly out of the park.

* * * * * *

No. 88, Queen-square, Brompton, was, at the time of our story, in the occupation of Mrs. Danvers, widow of Captain Danvers, and said to be worth a considerable amount of money.

At No. 88 she resided with her daughter Ethel, "The Dark Queen," as she had been called by her schoolfellows on account of her complexion and her proud bearing.

Ethel was close upon twenty years of age, and a more beautiful woman could hardly have been found either in this or in any other country.

She was in every way a striking contrast to her parents, for whereas her father had been a tender-hearted gentleman, with a kind word for everyone, and her mother was the same, Ethel was totally different.

Her rule was not to ask but to command. The least thing would offend her, and she did not have to open her lips to inform any one that she was offended; they could tell that by the flashing eyes and the clenching of the delicate hands.

At eighteen, Ethel had been introduced to society, and being a beautiful girl, with plenty of ready wit, it is no wonder that she had plenty of admirers, and more than once she had had, not only the opportunity of marrying a rich man, but also of acquiring a title.

But all attention bestowed upon her was useless; she was as firm as a rock, as cold as ice.

To all?

No. There was one whose presence she sighed for—one whom she loved most passionately, according to her own fashion—one for whom she would have laid down her very life, and that one was Rowland Saxby, the son and heir of Sir Rowland Saxby, the well-known inventor.

But, alas for Ethel, Rowland did not return that love. Did he know that she entertained any love for him? He must have known, for she showed it plainly enough both by words and looks.

He was frequently present at Queen's-square, but when there he always acted as a friend—nothing more. Ethel, praised by all the men, could not account for this. She could not understand why it was that she appeared to be unable to attract Rowland to her side.

She grew thoughtful and listless, and her mother noticed it, and became alarmed in consequence. One day she asked Ethel what ailed her, and after some time, Ethel flinging herself upon her knees, and burying her face in her mother's lap, sobbed out her unhappiness.

Her mother listened calmly and attentively, and when her daughter had finished, she said, as she stroked the long, dark tresses:

"My child, all this is very, very foolish. From what you say, it appears to me that you would like to compel him to love you. Why, my dear child, there are scores of men, in brilliant positions, who would only be too ready to accept you. What is this attraction? I admit that Rowland is very handsome and all that, but if he does not show any more attention to you than to other ladies, why trouble about him? Dismiss all thoughts of him from your mind, my pet, or it may lead to something wrong. For my part I will not invite him here again, and then you will soon forget all about him."

"No, no!" cried Ethel, leaping to her feet. "Do not do that, mamma; I could not bear it!"

"It would be for your own benefit, my dear."

"Oh, no. I must see him. His absence would kill me."

"Ah, Ethel, you have had but little experience in these matters. As you grow older you will grow wiser, depend upon it."

"I believe in the maxim which says 'absence makes the heart grow fonder.'"

"Well, my dear, think over what I have said, and you will arrive at the conclusion that I am right."

Ethel did think over it, and she arrived at the conclusion that her mother was not right.

On the morning that we introduce Mrs. Danvers to the notice of the reader, she is seated at the drawing-room window, looking dreamily at the passing traffic, but ever and anon she looks round at the door of the room as if expecting someone.

At last she gets impatient and, ringing the bell, directs a servant to send her Alice, her daughter's maid.

After a short interval Alice appeared.

"Alice," said Mrs. Danvers, "is Miss Ethel in her room still?"

"Her room, madam?" asked Alice, looking somewhat startled. "No, madam."

"Well, then, where is she?"

"I have not the least idea, madam. She dressed two hours ago and went out."

"Went out?"

"Yes, madam."

"Very singular! Did she not say where she was going?"

"N—no, madam," stammered Alice, as her face turned a shade paler.

"Hem! Very well. Directly she returns say I wish to speak to her."

The maid bowed and retired.

Half an hour afterwards Ethel returned, and with a firm tread entered the drawing-room.

"Great Heavens, Ethel!" cried Mrs. Danvers, "what is the meaning of that?"

"What! What?"

"Why have you attired yourself in that black dress and veil?"

"Fancy, I—suppose."

"No, no, Ethel, that cannot be the reason. There is something more than fancy in your going out in a black dress and veil; and you are paler than usual, and your hands tremble. Tell me, my dear," she said tenderly, "tell me what is the matter."

Ethel hesitated for a few seconds, and then she said, as she clasped her hands:

"Mamma, I have found it all out."

"Found it out! Found what out?"

"The reason of Rowland's coldness to me."

"Rowland again! Dear, dear me, Ethel, that matter will certainly drive you mad if you persist in it. But tell me what you mean?"

"Some one told me yesterday that Rowland was to be seen in the Row every morning with a young lady."

"Who told you?"

"That does not matter; I have promised not to say. Well, this morning I went to the Row, and——"

"Played the spy!" interrupted Mrs. Danvers.

"No, but I watched and I saw that I had been rightly informed. Rowland was there, and by his side was—whom do you think? Oh," and Ethel rose and paced the floor excitedly, "I think I shall indeed go mad!"

"Well, my dear, who was it?"

"Grace Thorne!"

Mrs. Danvers made no reply for some moments, at length she said:

"Well, and what of that?"

"What of it, mamma? What of it? Can't you see that she——"

"My dear Ethel, how strangely you talk! Surely Mr. Rowland Saxby may please himself with respect to friends."

"But they are more than friends."

"How can you tell that?"

"As they passed me I overheard a portion of their conversation. He addressed her as 'my dear.'"

"Well, that is rather out of the way, certainly, but you cannot complain."

"But you do not think of the long time I have been trying to bring him to my side. And to think that he should devote his attentions to a girl like her."

"Grace Thorne is a very pretty girl."

"True. But, mamma," and Ethel came close to her mother, "do you think she is more beautiful than I?"

"I do not, my child, but you know men's opinions differ so much. If I were you, Ethel, I should devote myself to young Leon Cathcart. He is a nice young fellow enough, very rich, and I am certain he loves you."

"That may be, but I have no love to give him."

"Ah me!" sighed Mrs. Danvers, as her daughter left the room, "things were very different when I was a young girl."

Ethel walked straight to her dressing-room. Alice, her maid, was awaiting her.

"Was I right, Miss Ethel?" she asked.

"Yes, you were," cried Ethel fiercely, as she stood and surveyed herself in the glass. "You were right. I saw them and heard a little of what they said. But I must wait and watch. By heaven! if she dares to stand in my path, I——"

"Oh, hush!" cried Alice; "your mamma may hear you."

"I care not who hears me," replied Ethel firmly, as she fixed her flashing eyes upon the maid; "I say that if she dares to stand in my path I will kill her!"

And as she uttered these terrible words, she clutched her maid tightly by the arm. The maid knew her temper—knew what she was when roused to fury, and she trembled.

"Oh, miss," she said, "I do so wish I had not told you."

"You did quite right to tell me, and I will make you a present for the information. Go now, Alice, and leave me alone. I want to think over it."

"I am sure something will happen," muttered the maid as she left the room.

CHAPTER II.

Rowland Saxby was one of the pets of society.

He was called "one of the handsomest men in London," and certainly when society said this, society, for once, was right. Rowland was indeed a remarkably handsome man.

But he was not conceited, after the manner of many men who are gifted by nature with more than the ordinary amount of personal beauty.

Besides being possessed of great personal beauty, he was heir to large estates, although not to a title, for his father's title would cease with his death.

From the fact of his one day becoming a very rich man, he was a great attraction to numerous mammas who had daughters on their hands whom they wanted to be comfortably settled in life.

These were introduced to Rowland by the dozen, but to their infinite annoyance he treated one precisely the same as another, so that, eventually, mammas were heard to say that to touch the heart of Rowland Saxby was utterly out of question, and they gave up the attempt as a failure, yet they still invited him to their numerous little parties, balls, and so on.

Then, all of a sudden, society was startled, and lifted up its eyes in pure astonishment.

What about?

Simply this: Mrs. Thorne, who kept a very beautiful house in Park lane (although it was rumored that she was by no means well-to-do, and for that reason seldom moved in society), had an only daughter, Grace. At fourteen, Grace, who was then a remarkably plain girl, was sent to a boarding-school in Paris. She stayed there five years, and then very suddenly made her appearance in society.

Society saw her, and was compelled to confess that she had changed from a plain to a very pretty girl.

Yes; that much society confessed, and directly afterward turned round and said:

"But of what use is it to be pretty when one has no fortune?"

Well, it is every use. There are, thank Heaven, many thousands of men in the world who think more of a pretty face and graceful and gentle ways than a whole cartload of money-bags.

And Rowland Saxby was one of the many who thought thus. No sooner did he set eyes on Grace than he loved her. Indeed, it was love at first sight on both sides.

Before a month had passed away Grace wore upon her finger the betrothal ring, and as the days passed she seemed to get happier than ever.

One day—it was three days after Ethel Danvers had seen her with Rowland in the Row—Grace was in the drawing-room, looking eagerly out of the window.

Rowland, the previous evening, had sent her a note which was to this effect: "My Darling—I [illegible] to-morrow morning [illegible] have a [illegible] one, you will [illegible] with it there will be a [illegible]"

It was therefore no wonder that Grace was anxious to know what the present was.

Soon after the appointed time Rowland drove up, and soon held Grace in his arms.

"You are looking more beautiful than ever, my love," he cried, gazing proudly down at the upturned face.

"Oh, Rowland, how you do flatter!"

"I assure I mean what I say. There is no prettier girl in society than you. But now to business, as my father is in the habit of saying. I see you are looking at this parcel I have. Well, sit down, Grace, and I will show you the contents."

Grace did as he desired, and Rowland commenced to untie the parcel. Of course he did as men usually do—that is to say, knowing that she was curious, he took longer than was necessary to untie the parcel.

It was accomplished at last, and there was displayed a mahogany box beautifully and artistically bound with bands of solid gold.

Grace opened her eyes in wonder, and she found it impossible to sit still any longer.

Rowland now produced a key, unlocked the box, raised the inside silk lid, and then—well, then Grace uttered a cry of wonder.

Nestling amid a pile of white silk was a wreath of orange blossoms, and in the center of that a pair of bracelets, the diamonds upon which flashed and glittered like a running brook in the sun's rays.

"Oh, how lovely!" cried Grace.

"Which do you mean?" asked Rowland. "The wreath or the bracelets?"

"Oh, both!" But even as she said this her face wore an expression of wonder.

What was meant by the wreath of orange-blossoms?

Rowland took it out of the box and laid it carefully upon the table. Then he took Grace by the hand and led her to a seat, and sitting beside her, her hand still within his own, he said:

"My love, in presenting that to you I obey the commands of my dear dead mother."

Grace started.

"Your mother, Rowland?" she said.

"Yes. When my mother was dying she said: 'My dear boy, there is one thing I wish you to promise me. You may think it rather singular, but it is something I have always wished. You know that in my cabinet is a mahogany box, bound with gold. In that is the wreath of orange-blossoms I wore when your father married me. There also are the bracelets I wore for twenty years of my life. Now, will you promise that the lady you marry shall wear that wreath on the day she is married, and the bracelets also?' Of course, Grace, I promised. And I am sure you will please me by assisting me in keeping that promise. Will you not?"

"Oh, Rowland," replied Grace, as she kissed him tenderly, "that I will. That promise must be sacredly kept. And I see nothing strange in the idea. All women have some idea, you know. And when we—when we—"

"Are married. Yes, my dear."

"When we are married I shall wear it, and no one will know but what it is quite new. It does not look old, does it?"

"No, that it certainly does not."

"And the bracelets; are they not beautiful?"

"They are indeed. Let me place them upon your wrists."

And Rowland fixed the glittering jewels upon Grace's white wrists, where she surveyed them rapturously.

"And now," said Rowland, "I must be off, Grace. I shall return at one, and then, no doubt, you will be ready for the Row."

* * * * * *

"What, Leon, my boy! how the dence are you? Where have you been? Where are you off to, and where on earth have you been hiding?"

And Rowland laid his hand lightly upon the shoulder of Leon Cathcart. He had not proceeded far from Grace's residence when he met him.

"Just half a moment, Rowland, my friend," replied Leon, as he slowly removed his cigar from his mouth. "I am not well up in memory, you know, and I am utterly unused to a running fire of questions. In the first place, how the deuce am I? Well, I am seedy, and I look it. Where am I off to? Haven't the least idea. Where have I been hiding, I think you said? Well, I've been to Paris, and as I found every one over there precisely the same as they are here, I came sorrowfully back."

"How did you find them."

"Dull, my boy, dull, and awfully slow. They say the world is continually going round, but, alas, I am of a different opinion, for I am certain it is continually standing still."

And Leon assumed an attitude of profound sadness.

Rowland laughed heartily, and placing Leon's arm within his own, the pair strolled on.

They had been friends and companions for years. As boys they played together, and it was, therefore, no wonder that they should tell each other their secrets, and as they proceeded Rowland informed Leon of his betrothal to Grace Thorne.

Leon congratulated him.

"I am sure you could not have selected a more fitting match, Rowland," he said. "She is everything a man could wish for, and I know you will both be very happy. Ah, dear me."

"Why do you sigh?"

"Oh, I have a load of misery upon my soul," replied Leon, in mock dramatic tones.

"Indeed! sorry to hear it, I'm sure. Where have you been to get such a disease?"

"Down there," replied Leon, pointing in the direction of Brompton.

"What, at——"

"Yes."

"Hem!"

Silence for a few moments, and then Rowland said:

"Why, my dear Leon, I thought you were making good progress with her."

Leon shook his head sadly.

"I wish I was," he said, "but I don't think it is any use trying longer. She loves some one else, I'm sure. And, upon my soul, I—but there, I had better not say it."

"Say what? Is it a secret?"

"No; that is, I don't know what you can call it. But look here, Rowland," and Leon stopped short; "I believe that she loves you."

"Me!"

"Yes, I do indeed."

"Impossible!"

"Don't say that. Has she heard of your engagement to Grace Thorne?"

"Not that I am aware of."

"Have you seen her lately?"

"No; I have not noticed her anywhere lately."

"And you have not called on Mrs. Danvers lately?"

"No; I have not. I have been busy."

"What, at Park lane?"

"Not all the time. I have been busy with my father's affairs."

"Ah. Well depend upon it, Ethel has heard of your engagement. I won't say why I think so; and, you know, it is rather singular that you have not called there. I say, Rowland, tell me like a good fellow; you never had any love for her, did you?"

"Never, my boy, never!"

"But you don't dislike her?"

"Certainly not. I think Ethel is a very beautiful and accomplished young lady. I don't wonder you love her."

"Then perhaps I have made a mistake. I will have another try."

By this time they reached the park, and Rowland proposed that before he called for Grace, they should take a walk round the Row, a proposition to which Leon consented.

Leaning over the rails, idly watching the few riders who had made their appearance, and chatting respecting the merits of Grace Thorne and Ethel Danvers, they were not aware of the fact that a tall stately lady, dressed in deep black and wearing a thick black veil, had stolen up, and that while she was apparently watching the riders, she was in fact listening intently to their conversation.

For some moments she stood there, until Leon said:

"And when is the happy day, Roland?"

"Not very far ahead, my boy."

"Will it be in London? I suppose it will take place not a hundred miles from Hanover-square?"

"You are wrong, Leon. It will take place at my father's place, Bloxley."

"Ah, nice place—very nice."

"We shall stay there some time before it takes place, and I hope you will favor us with your company. Of course, Ethel and Mrs. Danvers will be invited."

"Then you may be sure that I will be there."

"You may persuade Ethel to marry you at the same time."

"I will try, but——"

At this moment the lady in deep black uttered a low cry. It caught Leon's ears, and he turned just in time to see the lady move away.

"Hem!" he laughed; "I didn't know we had company, Rowland. I'm sure that lady must have been highly entertained with our conversation."

He little dreamed what a vast amount of truth he had spoken.

The lady had been interested—very much so.

And no wonder was it either, when the said lady was none other than Ethel Danvers.

[*To be Continued.*]

NOT A BOY AT ALL.

A Brakeman Who Was Determined No One Lad Should Drink the Tank Dry.

Last winter as we sailed down the I. M. & I., known among the native Hoosiers as the "Jeff" road, says Burdette, there were several things to look at. There were two dramatic troupes on board and a boy from Indianapolis who had designs on the water-tank. He began drinking before we fairly got out of the limits. He would drink as long as he could hold his breath, and put down the cup and sigh and go back to his seat. Then he'd come again, a little bit groggy, but turn the thing [illegible] drink till the water stood in his eyes, and go back to recuperate.

Once or twice the brakeman drove him away from the tank. Still the boy, eluding the vigilance of the [illegible] brakeman, kept on drinking great quantities of aqua pura, with intervals for rest.

Presently the brakeman came in after fighting with a man who didn't want his two dogs banished to the baggage-car and wrestling with an old lady who had got it into her head that the smoking-car was just the very Alabama car of all Alabama cars and fought to get into it. He was pretty hot, because he hadn't [illegible] whipped the man and could not [illegible] the old lady, and he was just hungry for a chance to "lower" somebody.

The first thing that his eyes fell upon was the boy at the water-tank. He swept down upon him, grabbed him by the shoulders, shook the hat off and the breath out of him before the boy could yell, lifted him up in the air, slammed him down in the seat with a hungry bang that shook open the ventilators.

"There!" he roared; "you dropsical little squab! D'you want to make a mill-pond of yourself and——" The boy's face was purple with rage, and he broke out in a torrent of profanity, abuse, defiance, threatening death and slaughter in one awful breath. He danced out in the aisle, shed his coat, beat his fists together, and pulled a revolver. Everybody yelled, and hollered, and laughed, and stood up on the seats and applauded the "boy" and encouraged the poor, dumbfounded, stammering, blushing, apologizing brakeman.

Poor Ixion! In his blind wrath he had swooped down upon an irascible, cross-grained little wretch of a dwarf forty-one inches high, belonging to one of the dramatic companies. It was too funny for anything for the rest of us. And while the row was absorbing general attention, if that miserable boy with the hydrophobia didn't sneak up to the water-tank and drink it so dry that it warped.

What Becomes of Them.

"What becomes of wicked people who wrong and cheat their fellowman?" asked the Sunday School teacher of her class.

"They put their cash in a bag and go to Canada," came the prompt reply in chorus.

Which shows that the Sunday school children of the present day get practical views of life quite as often from the newspapers as from the Catechism.

THE EARTH.

Bill Nye's Views of the Sphere Upon Which We Live.

The earth is that body in the solar system which most of my readers now reside upon, and which some of them, I regret to say, modestly desire to own and control, forgetting that the earth is the Lord's and the fulness thereof. Some men do not care who owns the earth so long as they get the fulness.

The earth is 500,000,000 years of age, according to Professor Proctor, but she doesn't look it to me. The Duke of Argyll maintains that she is 10,000,000 years old last August, but what does an ordinary duke know about these things? So far as I am concerned I will put Proctor's memory against that of any low-priced duke that I have ever seen.

Newton claimed that the earth would gradually dry up and become porous and that water would at last become a curiosity. Many believe this and are rapidly preparing their systems by a rigid course of treatment, so that they can live for years without the use of water internally or externally. Other scientists who have set up nights to monkey with the solar systems, and thereby shattered their nervous systems, claim that the earth is getting top-heavy at the North Pole, and that one of these days, while we are thinking of something else, the great weight of accumulated ice, snow and the vast accumulation of second-hand Arctic relief expeditions, will jerk the earth out of its present position with so much spontaneity, and in such an extremely forthwith manner, that many people will be permanently strabismused and much bric-a-brac will be for sale at a great sacrifice. This may or may not be true. I have not been up in the Arctic regions to investigate its truth or falsity though there seems to be a growing sentiment throughout the country in favor of my going. A great many people during the past year have written me and given me their consent.

If I could take about twenty good, picked men and go up there for the summer, instead of bringing back twenty picked men, I wouldn't mind the trip, and I feel that we really ought to have a larger colony on the ice in that region than we now have.

The earth is composed of land and water. Some of the water has large chunks of ice in it. The earth revolves on its own axle once in twenty-four hours, though it seems to revolve faster than that and to wobble a good deal during the holidays. Nothing tickles the earth more than to confuse a man when he is coming home late at night, and then to rise up suddenly and hit him in the back with a town lot. People who think there is no fun or relaxation among the heavenly bodies certainly have not studied their habits. Even the moon is a humorist.

A friend of mine who was returning late at night from a regular meeting of the Society for the Amelioration of Hot Scotch said that the earth rose up suddenly and hit him with a right of way, and as he was about to rise up again he was stunned by a terrific blow between the shoulder blades with an old land grant that he thought had lapsed years ago. When he staggered to his feet he found that the moon, in order to add to his confusion, had gone down in front of him and risen again behind him, with her thumb on her nose.

So, I say, without fear of successful contradiction, that if you do not think that planets and orbs and one thing and another have fun on the quiet you are grossly ignorant of their habits.

The earth is about half way between Mercury and Saturn in the matter of gravity. Mercury is of about the specific gravity of iron, while that of Saturn corresponds with that of a cork in the matter of density and specific gravity. The earth, of course, does not compare with Mercury in the matter of solidity, yet it is amply firm for all practical purposes. A negro who fell out of the tower of a twelve-story building while trying to clean the upper window by drinking a quart of alcohol and then breathing hard on the glass, says that he regards the earth as perfectly safe to do business on for years to come. He claims that those who maintain that the earth's crust is only 2,500 miles in thickness have not thoroughly tested the matter by a system of practical experiments.

A REAL ROMANCE.

The Course of a Life Changed by a Kind Act.

A little incident was brought to the attention of a reporter of the Omaha Bee, which illustrates in a marked degree how much good a little act of kindness may accomplish. About twelve years ago a young girl, only about thirteen years of age, was brought into the Police Court charged with being a disorderly person. She was fatherless and motherless, and had led a life which was quite the opposite of refining in its tendencies. But still her face was round and rosy, and with her golden hair she was a beautiful child. What to do with her was a question with the city authorities. She was undoubtedly guilty of what she was charged with, and the only remedy for her case seemed to be a short term of confinement.

Just as she was about to be sentenced, a well-known attorney who was present asked to be allowed a few moments' conversation with the girl, which was granted. At its close the gentleman surprised the court by asking that the case be dismissed, promising that he would be responsible for her actions in the future. As it was the easiest way out of the dilemma, the Judge was only too glad to comply with the gentleman's request, and the self-appointed guardian walked out of the court room with his protege in charge. He secured employment for her as a domestic in a private family, and made her promise to come and see him as often as possible. The girl lived up to her agreement, and the gentleman's kind treatment, and advice which he gave her little troubles, completely won her heart.

Time passed rapidly, and the little girl became a young woman. She was an excellent housekeeper, her character was beyond reproach. She became more and more beautiful as she matured in years, until at nineteen she met a wealthy railroad man, who fell deeply in love with her. She returned his affection, but when he asked her hand in marriage she refused him. He pressed his suit, however, and finally she related to him the story of her early life, giving it as the reason why she had refused his suit. Her lover was not thus to be driven from her, and she finally gave her consent to the marriage. The wedding occurred shortly afterward, and the newly wedded pair took up their residence in an elegant home in a Western city, where they now live.

Not long ago, a beautiful woman, handsomely dressed, arrived in Omaha and called upon the lawyer above referred to. At first he did not recognize her, but when she spoke of the little girl whom she had taken from the Police Court years ago his eyes were opened, and he knew his visitor to be his former protege. Both were deeply affected by the meeting, and fervent were the thanks which the lady gave the lawyer for his kindness to her in the past.

The next day the lady left the city for New York and sailed for Florida. Through her benefactor the story reached the ears of a reporter, but the condition was imposed that no names should be used. The story is a remarkable one, and, as remarked before, shows how an act of kindness can completely change the course of a life.

QUIZZING A QUERIST.

An Amusing Railroad Sketch—An Inquisitive Passenger Who Wanted to Know.

Something about the engineer, his face or his manner, or possibly his clothes, writes Burdette, attracted my attention; anyhow I wanted to talk to him and hear him talk about his engine. There is a wonderful fascination about railway engineers, locomotives and railroad men, and I am especially susceptible to this fascination. But before I could get to the engineer I speak of, who has a passenger engine on the L. B. & W., another had him in conversation. I am always willing to let anybody else make a fool of himself and ask the questions, just so I get the benefit of the answers; so I let him talk while I hung around and listened. This engineer wasn't like any engineer I had ever made friends with before. He was an awful practical fellow. The passenger said:

"Yours is a very exciting life?"

"Is it?" said the engineer, with an air of interest.

"Well, I meant, isn't it?" said the passenger.

"Oh," was the reply, with a satisfied accent. Then after a pause, "Well, I don't know; do you see anything very exciting about this?"

He was lazily stretched out on his cushion, dividing up his paper of finecut, putting all but one chew into his vest pocket and putting that one chew into his tobacco pouch, so he could show the fireman that was all he had, should that useful official ask for it.

The passenger fidgetted a bit, but didn't want to give it up. I didn't know how to feel glad enough that I didn't go into the catechism business with the quiet man.

"Well," said the passenger, after a little while, "are we pretty near ready to pull out?"

"Pull out what?" asked the engineer.

"Why, the train."

"Train isn't in anything. Train's all right."

"Well," said the passenger, "are we nearly ready to go?"

"I am," quietly remarked the engineer, "are you?"

"You've a splendid engine here," said the passenger.

"Tain't mine," replied the sphinx, "it's the company's."

"How much can you get out of her," asked the passenger.

The engineer looked surprised.

"Can't get a cent out of it," he said; "can't get anything out of anybody except the paymaster."

"Well, but I mean what'll she do on a good road, easy grade, and you cracking on all the steam she can carry."

"It can pull the train, what do you expect it to do?"

"Well, but how fast?" asked the passenger.

"Schedule time," came the reply; "that's all we are allowed to make; must make our time between all stations. That's imperative orders on the I. B. & W."

"Well, but could'nt you pull her wide open, and—"

"Pull who wide open?"

"Why, her—your engine; and give her sand, and—"

"Why should I give it sand?"

"To make her run faster."

"Sand does not increase the speed of an engine; steam is the only motive power."

"But you give her sand on a heavy grade, and—"

"I never give an engine sand, it is poured on the rail."

"Oh, you know what I mean; you give her steam, and—"

"No, I don't; I only move the throttle which opens the regulator valve and the steam is forced to the proper portions of the machinery, in obedience to laws of physic. I have no control, beyond regulating the supply."

"Did you ever," said the despairing man, "come so near a collision that you had to throw her clear over, and—"

"No," gravely came the reply, "and I never expect to. It couldn't be done. No man could throw his engine clear over. It weighs thirty-five tons."

"I suppose," the passenger obstinately persisted, "that when you start out with a heavy train, you hold her awfully close to the rail?"

"I've nothing to do with that, the laws of gravitation and friction control that. My weight on the engine adds somewhat to the pressure on the rail, but that amounts to little in comparison with the weight of the engine."

The passenger wiped the perspiration off his brow and said: "How do you like life on the foot-board, anyhow?"

"I live at home and not on foot-boards," was the reply.

"Well, how do you like running on the road, then?"

"I don't run, I ride."

Just then the conductor came and handed the man in the cab a bit of yellow paper and shouted, "All aboard."

The passenger, looking grateful, said "Thank Heaven," as he went into the last car, as far back from the engine as he could get; then I heard the engineer growling about people "who always want to talk shop." It was a narrow escape for me, and I rather enjoyed it.

Sharp Queries by Punch.

Do you think that the best way to teach your baby to walk would be give it in charge of a step-mother?

Does it necessarily follow that all blacksmiths must be wicked men because they are much given to vice?

Is it a fact that those people who only "sing to please themselves" are not often difficult to please?

When a photographer, in the exercise of his business, uses a black cloth, does he do so in order to make his [illegible]?

Must your kitchen fire be of a dissipated disposition because it goes out every night?

Can it really be true that a too quiet sermon often proves to be a moving discourse?

Does it necessarily follow that seraphs are unprincipled men because they pose on each other?

Now She Can Do It.

Young ladies may find a lesson in the experience of a girl in Stockton, Cal., who sued her lover for breach of promise of marriage. She produced many of his letters extending over a period of several years, and all breathing promises of undying love. Then he brought out a letter written by her to him about two years before, when she was mad, in which she said she would rather marry a yellow dog than him. The result was an immediate verdict for the defendant.

Theoretical Speculation.

"Mamma," queried a little boy, "is Satan an angel?" "He is one of the fallen angels, dear." "Well, what was the trouble? [illegible]

CASTORIA
for Infants and Children.
[illegible] H. A. ARCHER, M. D., [illegible] Brooklyn, N. Y.
Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion. Without injurious medication.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

WILCOX & WHITE ORGAN
The BEST in the World
AN ORGAN FOR A LIFETIME.
Every Organ is Fully Warranted.

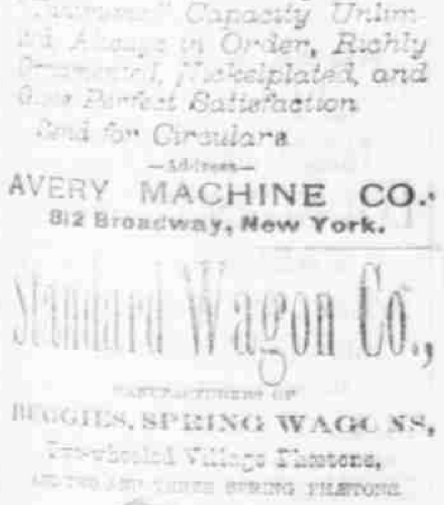
Messrs. Wilcox & White have devoted their lives to the work of developing the Reed Organ, the increasing manufacture of Organs for 60 years.
POSITIVE SIMPLE
DURABLE and will not get out of Repair or Tune IN MANY YEARS.
OVER 80 STYLES
[illegible] RELIABLE DEALER or Manufacturer [illegible] INTERIOR of [illegible] FREE TO ALL, and [illegible]
Wilcox & White Organ Co.
MERIDEN, CONN.

FOR MAN AND BEAST.
THE BEST
EXTERNAL
REMEDY
—FOR—
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
CRAMPS,
Sprains, Bruises,
Burns and Scalds,
Sciatica, Backache,
Frosted Feet and Ears, and all other Pains and Aches.
It is a safe, sure, and effectual Remedy for Galls, Strains, Scratches, Sores, &c., on
HORSES.
One trial will prove its merits. Its effects are in most cases
INSTANTANEOUS.
Every bottle warranted to give satisfaction. Send address for pamphlet, free, giving full directions for the treatment of above diseases. Price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle. Sold everywhere.
Henry, Johnson & Lord, Proprietors, Burlington, Vt.
ARNICA & OIL LINIMENT

RIVINIUS' BLOCK,
EBENSBURG, PA.

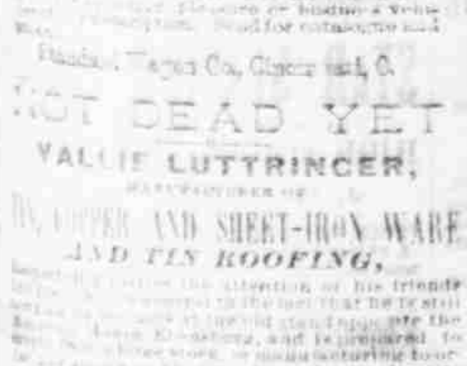
CARL RIVINIUS,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
HAS always on hand a large, varied and elegant assortment of WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, SPECTACLES, EYE-GLASSES, &c., which he offers for sale at lower prices than any other dealer in the county. Persons needing anything in his line will do well to give him a call before purchasing elsewhere.
☞ Prompt attention paid to repairing Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, &c. and satisfaction guaranteed in both work and price.

AVERY



SEWING MACHINE
Has Improved High Arm, New Mechanical Principles and Rotary Movements, Automatic Direct and Perfect Action, Cylinder Shuttle, Self-setting Needle, Positive Feed, No Springs, Few Parts, Minimum Weight, No Friction, No Noise, No Wear, No Fatigue, No "Tantrums," Capacity Unlimited, Always in Order, Richly Ornamented, Nickelplated, and Gives Perfect Satisfaction.
Send for Circulars.
—Address—
AVERY MACHINE CO.
812 Broadway, New York.

Standard Wagon Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
BUGGIES, SPRING WAGONS,
Two-wheeled Village Phaetons,
[illegible]



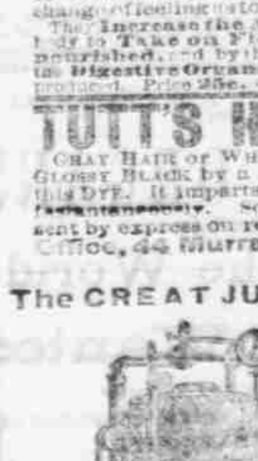
CLEVELAND BUCKBOARD, No. 21.
[illegible]
Standard Wagon Co., Cincinnati, O.

NOT DEAD YET
VALLIE LUTTRINGER,
MANUFACTURER OF
TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE
AND TIN ROOFING,
[illegible]
TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.
[illegible] V. LUTTRINGER.
[illegible] 1885-tf.

GEO. M. READE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
[illegible] EBENSBURG, PA.

TUTT'S
PILLS
25 YEARS IN USE.
The Greatest Medical Triumph of the Age!
SYMPTOMS OF A
TORPID LIVER.
Loss of appetite, Bowels costive, Pain in the head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the shoulder-blade, Fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, with a feeling of having neglected some duty, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, Headache over the right eye, Restlessness, with fitful dreams, Highly colored Urine, and
CONSTIPATION.
TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, one dose effects such a change of feeling as to astonish the sufferer.
They Increase the Appetite, and cause the body to Take on Flesh, thus the system is nourished, and by their Tonic Action on the Digestive Organs, Regular Stools are produced. Price 25c. 44 Murray St., N.Y.
TUTT'S HAIR DYE.
GRAY HAIR or WHISKERS changed to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. It imparts a natural color, acts instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of $1.
Office, 44 Murray St., New York.

The CREAT JUMBO ENGINE
—AND—
BOILER COMBINED



[illegible] Farmers' use. [illegible] Dealers [illegible] Machines [illegible] Manufacturer of all kinds of Machinery & Jobbing. Send for Catalogue and Price List.
H. P. RANKIN,
[illegible] Ave.,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
May 22, 1885.-1yr

PATENTS
Obtained, and all PATENT BUSINESS attended to for MODERATE FEES.
Our office is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can obtain Patents in less time than those remote from WASHINGTON.
Send MODEL OR DRAWING. We advise as to patentability free of charge; and we make NO CHARGE UNLESS PATENT IS SECURED.
We refer, here, to the Postmaster, the Supt. of Money Order Div., and to officials of the U. S. Patent Office. For circular, advice, terms and references to actual clients in your own State or County, write to
C. A. SNOW & CO.,
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

THIS PAPER MAY BE FOUND ON FILE AT GEO. P. ROWELL & CO'S Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 SPRUCE STREET), WHERE ADVERTISING CONTRACTS may be made for it in NEW YORK.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.,
FRIDAY, - - DECEMBER 4, 1885.

WE are indebted to Hon. N. Horne for a copy of the laws passed at the last session of the Legislature.

THE funeral of the late Vice-President, Thomas A. Hendricks, was attended by the largest crowd of people that was ever seen in Indianapolis. Prominent men were present from all parts of the West, and hundreds came from every nook and corner of Indiana.

AS SOON as General McClellan's widow heard of the death of Vice President Hendricks, she sent Mrs. Hendricks the following dispatch:

> NEW YORK, November 26.
>
> *Mrs. T. A. Hendricks:*
>
> One who is suffering just as you are sends you her kindest sympathy.
>
> MRS. GEO. B. MCCLELLAN.

JUDGE WILLIAMS, of Tioga county, in recently calling the attention of the Grand Jury to the law prohibiting the use of chance games at licensed bars to decide who should pay for the drinks, instructed them that the use of dice, cards, dominoes, checkers, or toss up of a penny to determine that question, was a plain violation of the law.

MR. HENDRICKS is the fifth Vice-President who has died in office, the others being George Clinton, of New York, who was elected with Thomas Jefferson; Elbridge Gerry, of Massachusetts, elected with James Madison; William R. King, of Alabama, elected with Franklin Pierce, and Henry Wilson, of Massachusetts, elected with General Grant.

NOW is the time, says the Philadelphia *Record*, for the more or less—especially the less—accomplished and artistic liar to flood the newspaper market with anecdotes of Mr. Hendricks, important interviews at which third parties were present who are now dead, and plans for the campaign of 1888 committed to them in a confidence so strict that they are compelled to get up in the middle of the night to violate it.

THE enormous value of the dairy products in this country is shown by the statistics laid before the National Butter, Cheese and Egg Association at its late Convention in Chicago. The figures show their annual value to be $100,000,000 greater than the entire wheat crop, and $1[illegible]000,000 greater than that of the cotton crop, while the amount of capital invested in cows was said to be $40,000,000 greater than that invested in bank stocks.

GOVERNOR PATTISON on Monday last appointed Charles R. Buckalew, of Columbia county, to be reporter of the decisions of the Supreme Court in place of A. A. Outerburg, resigned. Mr. Buckalew's appointment will take effect on the first day of January next and will last for five years, at a salary of $3,000 a year. It is unnecessary to make any comments on the peculiar fitness and qualifications of Mr. Buckalew for an able, intelligent and satisfactory discharge of the duties of the position for which he has been selected. The Governor could not have improved upon it.

IT is now announced by the Auditor General, as will be seen from the following circular, dated on last Tuesday, that it was a big mistake on his part to include "horses and cattle" in the blanks furnished taxpayers under the new tax law as proper subjects for State tax, and he has mailed his circular to the County Commissioners in each county directing them to inform the Assessors that these two items of personal property are not taxable for State purposes. This new-fangled law promises to keep the Assessors busy in trying to discharge the duties it imposes upon them. The Auditor General says:

> HARRISBURG, Dec. 1.—"In reply to numerous inquiries I beg to advise you that the item of horses and cattle, shown on blank form R 12, is not in any way to be construed as making such property subject to State taxation. When I was having the blanks prepared they were submitted to the officers of several counties for approval and such suggestions as their experience would dictate. These officers all agreed in having the item of horses and cattle shown on the blanks, believing it would facilitate their local assessment. It was in deference to this wish that the item was included on the blank. Please advise your Assessors that the taxpayers are not obliged to make return of them on the blank."

THE sudden death of the Vice President, Thomas A. Hendricks, has caused a feeling of deep, sincere and universal regret throughout the whole country. For almost forty years he had been a prominent figure in the politics of his own State and of the Nation—first in his own State as a member of the Legislature and of the Constitutional Convention, then thrice elected to Congress, afterwards appointed Commissioner of the Land Office, then elected to the U. S. Senate, a candidate for the Presidential nomination in 1868 and 1872, and elected Governor of Indiana in the latter year, nominated for Vice President with Tilden in 1876 and elected, but cheated out of his office by the Electoral Commission contrivance, and last elected Vice President in 1884. Gifted by nature with a strong and vigorous intellect, the firm foundation on which he built his wonderful success as a public man was the solid, stern integrity of his character, for no man ever breathed a whisper against the absolute purity of his private or official life. No man of either party in the country ever wielded as great an influence over the politics of any State in the Union as Mr. Hendricks did in Indiana. There was magic in his very name and the Democracy of Indiana who followed him because they believed in him, marched to victory under his invincible banner in many a fiercely contested battle. While he always enjoyed the unbounded confidence of his own party he never lost the highest esteem and respect of his political opponents. He was an honest, upright man, a true patriot and an honor to his country. In the concluding words of Rev. Dr. Jenckes, who preached the dead Vice President's funeral sermon on Tuesday last: "Eminent citizen, faithful friend, Christian gentleman, honest man, farewell."

PERHAPS the most exciting local election that ever was held in this country took place at Atlanta, Georgia, on Wednesday of last week. The question to be decided was prohibition or license, and for weeks previous the white and colored people of the city, as well as of Fulton county, in which Atlanta is situate, had been worked up to the highest imaginable degree of excitement. The great effort of the advocates as well as the opponents of prohibition was to secure the colored vote, which in the end was about equally divided on the question at issue. Each faction in the contest locked up its colored adherents in the churches during the night preceding the election, and early the next morning marched them to the polls with their tickets in their hands. The election passed off without any disturbance worth mentioning, and resulted in a majority of 321 in the city against prohibition, and in the country districts in a majority of 549 in its favor, showing a majority in the whole county in favor of prohibition, of 228. It is alleged by the anti-prohibitionists that under the existing law of the State authorizing elections on the license question in the different counties, the election is illegal, and they intend to have the question decided by the courts. We believe there are about 130 counties in Georgia and that nearly 100 of the number have within the last year decided in favor of local option. How the law has worked in that State we do not know, but if the outcome is in any way different there from what it was in this State when the experiment was tried some years ago of banishing whisky by local option legislation, then human nature and men's appetites are not the same in Georgia that they are in Pennsylvania.

THE Bellefonte *Watchman* of last week in referring to the election by the Oregon Legislature of John Hipple Mitchell to the Senate of the United States over George H. Williams, says that Williams' only redeeming feature is that he is "the husband of the wife of the lamented Senator Douglas," and adds: "How he ever managed to win and wear that magnificent woman, is past finding out." The *Watchman*, usually so correct in its statements, in this instance is "away off the tow path." The widow of Stephen A. Douglas *did* marry a man by the name of Williams, but it was General Robert Williams, who is an officer in the regular army and is now on duty in Idaho, or in one of the other Territories. Beore Geo. H. Williams went to Oregon he was a lawyer in good standing in Iowa, having gone there from the interior of the State of New York. After some time a very handsome and intelligent woman employed him to procure a divorce from her husband, who was a stage driver, and her application was based on the ground of cruel and brutal treatment on the part of the husband. Williams had no difficulty in procuring the divorce, and just as little in marrying his client, soon after which they went to Oregon, from which State he was subsequently elected to the United States Senate. His wife was regarded as one of the finest looking, best dressed, and in every way dashing women that had been seen in Washington for many a day.

MR. CLEVELAND did not attend the funeral of Vice President Hendricks at Indianapolis, on Tuesday last, although at first he had determined to do so and made public announcement of his purpose. He was prevailed upon to forego his intention by the strong personal appeals made to him by prominent men of both parties at Washington, not to leave the White House at this particular time for the reason that in case he should be killed in a railroad accident or in any other way "removed," as Guiteau styled his assassination of Garfield, there is no person legally competent to take his place, since there is now neither a President *pro tem.* of the Senate nor a Speaker of the House, and cannot be until Congress meets on next Monday. That Mr. Cleveland ran the slightest risk in falling by the murderous bullet of an assassin is so improbable as to be worthy of no serious consideration, and as the President has always shown himself to be a brave and fearless man he gave no heed to it. A railroad casualty is, however, another and quite different affair, and the possibility of it happening had much to do, we think, with his conclusion to remain at Washington. At all events it was prudent on his part in the present condition of the Senate and House, each being without an official head, to remain at the Capital since it was not necessary that he should make the journey to Indianapolis. The following members of the cabinet attended the funeral: Bayard, Whitney, Lamar, Endicott and Vilas.

AT the late election in this State a man in Fayette county, by the name of Pope, was the Republican candidate for Director of the Poor, and elected his Democratic opponent by a majority of *one* vote by voting for him instead of following the almost universal custom of candidates voting for themselves.—Mr. Pope has been roundly denounced by his party friends in Fayette for having voted as he did, and the Lancaster *Intelligencer* in briefly discussing the question, "Shall a man vote for himself?" reaches the conclusion that when a candidate for public office is nominated by a party organization and votes for himself he votes for his party, and is not bound by any principle of political or personal propriety to vote against himself. This is the correct view of the matter and reminds us of the neat way a candidate for office in this county once disposed of the same question. He resided in this place and was a man of "infinite jest and most excellent fancy." Having been regularly nominated for a county office and elected, and the report having got out that he had voted for himself, he was asked one day by a man in the presence of several persons with the view of confounding him, whether it was true that he had done so, and he promptly answered that it was, because, as he said, "*I always vote for the regular ticket.*"—His reason was so conclusive and produced such a roar of laughter that all further discussion of the question was decided to be out of order.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT DEAD.

He Dies Quietly After a Brief Illness, at His Home in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 25.—Thomas A. Hendricks, Vice-President of the United States, died very suddenly at his residence in this city at 4:45 o'clock this evening, under circumstances that were particularly distressing to his family and friends, inasmuch as they had not anticipated a fatal termination of his brief illness and nobody was with him when the end came. He returned from Chicago on Saturday last, and since then had been complaining somewhat of a pain in his head and breast, but nothing serious was thought of it. Last night he and Mrs. Hendricks attended a reception given at the residence of Hon. John Cooper, Treasurer of State, returning home in their carriage about midnight. Hendricks had taken off heavy underclothing, which he usually wore, and put on a dress suit of lighter material, and before he got home he complained of chilliness and a certain degree of exhaustion, but attributed it to malarial influence. He sat by the fire an hour or more before retiring, but declined to send for a physician, though urged to do so. He slept restlessly till about eight o'clock this morning, when he arose, dressed himself and ate quite a hearty breakfast, saying that he felt much better and would attend to considerable delayed business during the day. He and Mrs. Hendricks walked out for nearly half an hour, and he had apparently regained his physical vigor and cheerfulness. An hour later, however, he began to be troubled with pains in the region of the stomach, and Mrs. Hendricks sent for the family physician, Dr. W. C. Thompson, the life-long confidential friend of the Vice-President. As the pains in his stomach continued to increase he was given an emetic and afterward an injection, and relief came in a natural way. He arose from the bed where he had lain only a few minutes, and read the morning paper, talking cheerfully with his wife and old house servant. Just before noon he had a relapse, however, and the physician was again summoned and administered the usual remedies, besides bleeding the patient, and Mr. Hendricks again expressed himself as being greatly relieved. He remained in his room all afternoon, occasionally rising from his bed, to which he was compelled to return by a recurrence of the pains in his abdomen. To all callers, and they were numerous, he sent word that he was indisposed, but would be glad to see them to-morrow afternoon at about 4:30 o'clock. Mrs. Hendricks, who had been at his bedside all day, went down to the parlor to see a caller who had come to consult with her regarding the affairs of a reformatory institution of which she was one of the managers, and she remained with him about twenty minutes. Tom, a colored servant, and Harry Morgan Hendricks, a nephew and page in Washington, remained with him. Mr. Hendricks tossed uneasily in his bed and complained of great pain, but suddenly it seemed to cease and he said to his nephew: "I am free at last. Send for Eliza," meaning his wife, and these were his last words, for the young man, not realizing the urgency of the message, did not deliver it at once. Just before five o'clock Mrs. Hendricks came into the room and found her husband dead. The end of a long and eventful life had come peacefully and quietly. He lay in bed outside of the covering, only partially disrobed, as if he were in a gentle sleep. On his face there were no traces of pain or suffering, but the pallor had come over it that indicated only two plainly that he had passed away. It needed no close examination to tell that he was dead, and Mrs. Hendricks screamed and ran down stairs. A servant was dispatched to the residence of Dr. Thompson, adjoining, and he came immediately, but by the time he had reached his bedside the limbs of the distinguished man were becoming cold and rigid and to Mrs. Hendricks' pathetic appeal, "Oh, Doctor can't you do something," he was obliged to answer, "It is too late."

Mrs. Hendricks became almost distracted with grief, and it was an hour or more before she became sufficiently composed to give any information about her husband's last moments. The family servants, two of whom have lived with the family for years, ran about the house crying and moaning, and there was the utmost confusion for a time. When the news was bulletined down town it was generally discredited, yet in a very few minutes a hundred or more of Mr. Hendricks' close personal and political friends hurried to the house. Very soon a great crowd had collected around the entrance and on the street, and it was found necessary to refuse admission to any all comers except immediate relatives. Mr. Hendricks died in his private chamber, a large, comfortable room in which he did most of his work. Dr. Thompson says that in his opinion Mr. Hendricks died of paralysis of the brain, and there will probably be a post mortem examination to determine what the disease was. For several years Mr. Hendricks had not been a robust man and was subject to frequent "bad spells," as he called them, during which he would be prostrated for days at a time. About two years ago he was confined to his room for several weeks by gangrenous affection of the foot, which at that time it was feared would result in blood poisoning, and it was then thought that the end of his life was near at hand, but he apparently recovered entirely from this and was in his usual health. Hendricks had been dead but a few moments when forces of men began draping the State, county and city buildings, and throughout the night similar emblems were placed on nearly all the prominent business places and residences, so that by morning the city will have assumed a general garb of mourning. All the city ministers will, in their Thanksgiving services to-morrow, make appropriate mention of the death of the distinguished statesman, and Rt. Rev. Bishop Knickerbocker, Bishop of the Episcopal diocese of Indianapolis, of which church Hendricks was a life-long member, will, it is understood, preach a memorial sermon.

King Alfonso Dead.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A dispatch was received at the Foreign office this afternoon from Madrid, stating that King Alfonso died at 9 o'clock this morning, of consumption, accelerated by dysentery.

MADRID, Nov. 25.—Throughout Monday night King Alfonso had spasmodic fits, the result of fever and debility. Six doctors from Madrid and two physicians from Elpardo were in consultation and constant attendance.—They decided on Tuesday morning that the king was in a dangerous condition. The fits continued throughout Tuesday night, and the king died at 8:45 this morning. The Pope's benediction arrived before he expired.

Alfonso XII was born November 28, 1857. He was proclaimed King of Spain on December 31, 1874. He has been twice married. His first wife died five months after marriage. In November, 1879, he married Maria Christina, daughter of the Archduke Charles Ferdinand of Austria, and leaves two daughters.

—A man by the name of Hill has arrived in Knoxville, Tenn., in a rather odd and peculiar vehicle. It is virtually a house on wheels, with windows, doors and a gable roof. He was drawn all the way from a point 15 miles north of Adrian, Mich., something over 900 miles

THE PRESIDENTIAL SUCCESSION.

The Law on the Subject Which Was Passed in 1792.

By the death of Vice-President Hendricks the country is once more solemnly admonished of the urgent necessity of making better provisions for the transmission of the Presidential office. One life only is a barrier to the temporary restoration of the Executive office to the party from which it was taken by the people at the ballot-box a year ago. In the event of the death of President Cleveland during the recess of Congress the President *pro tempore* of the Senate would be his successor, and the whole executive power of the Government would be transferred to the defeated party until an election could be held. When President Johnson was impeached the general understanding was that, in the event of his conviction, Benjamin F. Wade, of Ohio, President *pro tempore* of the Senate, would succeed him.

The only law on this subject was passed in 1792, three years after the establishment of the Federal Government. This law prescribes that in case of the removal, death, disability or resignation both of the President and Vice President, the President of the Senate *pro tempore*, and in case there shall be no President of the Senate then the Speaker of the House of Representatives for the time being, shall act as President of the United States until a President shall be elected. Should there be no President *pro tempore* of the Senate, and the vacancies should occur after the expiration of one Congress and the assembling of another, there would be no Speaker of the House, and no officer would exist to fill the station of President of the United States. Until the people could hold an election the office of President would be vacant. But there is no reason to apprehend that the Government would lapse into anarchy on that account.

By the act of 1792, whenever the offices of President and Vice President both become vacant it is provided that the Secretary of State shall cause a notification to be made to the Governor of every State for holding an election for President and Vice President of the United States within thirty-four days preceding the first Wednesday of December next ensuing. But if there shall not be the space of two months between the date of such notification and the first Wednesday in December, then the Electors are to be chosen within thirty-four days preceding the first Wednesday in December of the next year. Should the office of President become vacant now it could not be filled by election of the people until the 4th of March, 1887. But would there be a vacancy in the Presidential office during that time? When Congress assembles would the President *pro tempore* chosen by the Senate or the Speaker of the House act as President until a President elected by the people be installed in office? On these questions the law is by no means clear and satisfactory.—The good sense of a people long accustomed to self-government may be relied upon to prevent anarchy or violent disorders in administration should a vacancy occur in the Presidential office. Yet prudence dictates that the necessary legislation on this subject should be no longer delayed. Before another session of Congress is ended the question of a disputed Presidential succession should be put at rest forever.—*Philadelphia Record.*

—For fifteen years past George Wolf, a good-natured agriculturist, has worked a farm on shares in the town of Schaghticoke, a short distance north of Lansingburg, N. Y. He was married, his wife tipping the scales at 225 pounds. The couple had no children. About a year ago Augustus Ham was employed by Wolf, and in a little while Ham and Mrs. Wolf were observed to be on apparently very intimate terms. Wolf did not seek to check the growing intimacy, and being satisfied that his wife cared more for Ham than for him, he proposed to sell her to Ham for a nominal sum. Ham accepted the proposition. Twenty shillings was the price agreed upon, and papers being drawn up Wolf transferred his spouse to Ham, and the strange couple started on a brief wedding trip on Saturday. Wolf has decided to abandon farming and to go West.

Ague-Shaken Sufferers.

Who resort to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, experience speedier and more complete relief than they can hope to do by the use of quinine. This well authenticated fact is of itself sufficient to have established a high reputation for the Bitters. But the article is not a specific merely for the various forms of malarial disease, it endows the system with a degree of vigor, and reforms its irregularities with a certainty that constitutes its best defence against disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels, especially rife where the atmosphere and water are miasma tainted. Fever and ague, bilious remittent, dumb ague and ague cake are remedied and prevented by it, and it also removes dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, &c. Take this medicine on the first indication that the system is out of order, and rest assured that you will be grateful for the hint.

—Forty-three years ago Marcus Hope was suspected of stealing $30 from his employer, a farmer named Groner, of Honesdale, this State. The young lady Hope was engaged to jilted him, and he left and was never heard of after. The girl married Groner's son. Horace Cable, an orphan, lived with Groner but he was never suspected. One day last week a letter was received by Farmer Groner's son. It was addressed to his father, who died some years ago. It was signed by Horace Cable, and contained a check on a bank in Carminville, Illinois, for $105.60. The writer said he had stolen Groner's $30 42 years ago, and had never been able to repay it. The check was for the missing money with interest.

These are Solid Facts.

The best blood purifier and system regulator ever placed within the reach of suffering humanity, truly is Electric Bitters. Inactivity of the Liver, Biliousness, Jaundice, Constipation, Weak Kidneys, or any disease of the urinary organs, or whoever requires an appetizer, tonic or mild stimulant, will always find Electric Bitters the best and only certain cure known. They act surely and quickly, every bottle guaranteed to give entire satisfaction or money refunded. Sold at fifty cents a bottle by E. James.

—A rather singular feature of the statistics contained in the report of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue is presented by the statement that in the past year there was an increase of the retail liquor dealers in Maine and Kansas, and only a slight decrease in Iowa. In these three States there are 6,649 persons holding licenses to sell intoxicating drinks, and 111 breweries in operation. It is hardly to be supposed that these figures overstate the totals, and in view of that fact they are calculated to suggest a doubt whether prohibition really prohibits.

ANY man or woman making less than $40 weekly should try our easy money-making business. We want agents for our celebrated Madame Dean Spinal Supporting Corsets; also, our Spinal Supporter, Shoulder Brace, and Abdominal Protector Combined (for Men and Boys). No experience required. Four orders per day give the Agent $150 monthly. Our Agents report four to twenty sales daily. $3 outfit free Send at once for full particulars. State sex. LEWIS SCHIELE & Co., 390 Broadway, N. Y.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Hunt's Remedy cures headache, costiveness, dyspepsia, diseases of the liver and kidneys.

—The pistol was invented in Pistola, in Tuscany, by Camillo Vitelli, in the sixteenth century.

—Hunt's Remedy cures Bright's Disease of the kidneys, nervous diseases, female weaknesses.

—The inhabitants of the Laos country, in Siam, are the laziest people in the world. They are so indolent that they do little more than collect rice enough to keep them alive.

—Sixty tons of almonds were gathered this season from a 65-acre orchard on the Oakland farm, near Woodland, Cal., the past season. At ten cents per pound the crop will bring $12,000.

—A couple employed in a Georgia mill quit work at 12 o,clock on a recent day, went and got married, and then partook of dinner and were back in their respective positions as the whistle blew one o'clock.

—"Tim" McCarthy, the notorious woman beater of New York, has been found guilty of thrashing one of his victims within an inch of her miserable life and sentenced to a years imprisonment and a fine of $500.

—"Now villians, show up' or forever shut up," is the peroration of Rev. Dr. Charles McLean's challenge to his enemies in the North Presbyterian church of St. Paul, Minn., who accuse him of undue intimacy with a young lady.

—How often do we hear of the sudden fatal termination of a case of croup, when a young life might have been saved by the prompt use of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral! Be wise in time, and keep a bottle of it on hand, ready for instant use.

—Reports have been received at the Treasury Department of a growing scarcity of ten-cent silver pieces throughout the country. About $40,000 in dimes was coined in the Philadelphia Mint a week ago, but the supply being insufficient, the Superintendent has since been instructed to coin into dimes all the uncurrent subsidiary silver there may be in the Mint.

—There died in Wallingford, Conn., lately, a spinster who remained one on account of a curious pre nuptial quarrel. The day had been fixed for her wedding, and she and her intended husband began to put down carpets in the house they were to occupy. She wanted them laid one way, he another. They quarreled and separated. He died shortly afterward, and the lady never married.

—Government officials announce that the counterfeiters have been unusually active during the past year. The nickel five-cent piece is the favorite coin of the rascals, because of the vast difference between the nominal and real value. Paper money has also been largely counterfeited, but the makers have not been very successful in passing it on the public. It is no longer an easy matter to deceive the public for any length of time.

—Who does not delight to see a good looking face? Yet erysipelas disfigures the face almost beyond recognition. But that is not the worst of it. This disease is as dangerous as it is repulsive. It is sometimes called "St. Anthony's Fire," and often causes sudden death. Mr. S. B. Carpenter, of Grandville, N. Y., had it in both legs and was cured by Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. This medicine excels all others for the blood. Especially adapted to persons in feeble health.

—A young man in Buffalo attended a turkey match Thanksgiving. A bad marksman hit him with a bullet from his rifle. The missile pierced his overcoat, coat and vest, and struck his watch upon the edge, forcing its way into the interior and completely shattering the works. A 3 cent silver piece which was also in the pocket was bent double by the concussion, and the bullet, which proved to be a heavy slug, was found cut completely in two by the watch case. The young man escaped uninjured.

—All the farmers' boys in this Commonwealth should know that on the 23d of last June the Legislature passed a law for the benefit of agriculture and the protection of game, by offering a bounty of two dollars for every wild cat killed, one dollar for every red or gray fox slain, and fifty cents for every mink, weasel, hawk or owl. Persons who kill any of the above, and desire the reward, must go before a Justice of the Peace with a slain bird or animal and make an affidavit of the time and place of killing, when an order will be drawn on the County Treasurer for the amount they are entitled to.

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS THE BEST TONIC.

Trade Mark. QUALITY P PURITY NOT QUANTITY. On Every Bottle.

PHYSICIANS AND DRUGGISTS RECOMMEND IT.

This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quickly and completely Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weakness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chills and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidneys and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives.

It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*other Iron medicines do.*

It enriches and purifies the blood, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Belching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevers, Lassitude, Lack of Energy, &c., it has no equal.

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other.

Made only by BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.

AFTER DINNER.

Persons who suffer from Indigestion can arrest the progress of that painful malady by the use of an after-dinner pill, so compounded that it will give tone to the stomach, prevent heartburn, rouse the liver to healthful action, invigorate the kidneys, and thus, through the activity of these organs, promote the natural movement of the stomach and bowels. AYER'S PILLS are so compounded that their action, though mild, effectually produces the above results. They also, in curing Constipation, remove the cause of Biliousness, Liver Complaint, Kidney Disease, Rheumatism, and many other serious ailments.

AYER'S PILLS

contain no mineral nor poisonous substance, and do not gripe unless the bowels are irritated, and even then their influence is healing. To continue their effect in constipated or chronic cases, they need only be taken in diminishing instead of increasing doses. For seamen, and inhabitants or travelers in sparsely settled countries where physicians are not at hand, they are of inestimable value. There is hardly a sickness they will not alleviate, and in most cases cure, if taken promptly. To young girls just entering upon womanhood, and to women whose period of maternity is drawing to a close, Ayer's Pills, in moderate doses, merely sufficient to ensure regular action of the bowels, will be found of

Incalculable Value.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists.

SALARY OR COMMISSION.

WANTED Immediately, a few good Men to canvass for the sale of Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, Roses, &c.—Previous experience not essential.—H. P. FREEMAN & CO., Brighton, N. Y.

New Advertisements.

1886. 1886.

THE PITTSBURGH
WEEKLY POST

The Only Democratic Paper in Pittsburg,

At the Low Rate of $1 a Year, in Clubs of Five or Over.

All News of the Week and a Great Variety of Miscellany.

Complete Market Reports from all Points —Cattle Markets a Specialty

Read Carefully:

POLITICAL—Always Democratic, giving a cordial and candid support of the National Administration.

LITERARY—Illustrated tales, sketches, choice miscellany, biograhy and poetry.

WASHINGTON—Ample and reliable correspondence, mail and telegraphic Congressional proceedings; the first year of the Democratic Administration, with a hostile Senate; how they get along.

MARKETS—Careful reports of the Pittsburgh, Foreign and other markets; live stock quotations; the wool-growers' interests; money and stock markets, at home and abroad.

CORRESPONDENCE—Interesting and sprightly letters from special correspondents in Paris, New York, Washington, the South and the West.

In short, in the eight pages and fifty-six columns of THE WEEKLY POST will be found that careful variety of reading that interests the man of business, the farmer, the politician, the student, and pre-eminently the family and household circle.

Single subscription, $1.25 a year, post-paid.

In Clubs of Five or Over, $1 per year, post-paid.

An extra copy free to every club of ten.

Send for Sample Copies.

JAS. P. BARR & CO.,
Publishers,

ONE DOLLAR

THE WEEKLY PATRIOT

Harrisburg, Pa.

The leading Democratic paper in the State Full of interesting news, and miscellaneous and political reading.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Special Rates to Clubs.

Sample copies mailed free on application.

The PATRIOT and New York weekly *World* one year for one dollar and fifty cents.

The PATRIOT and the Philadelphia Weekly *Times* one year for one dollar and seventy-five cents.

WANTED.

AGENTS in every Township in this County to solicit subscriptions for the WEEKLY PATRIOT.

Write for terms. Address all communications to

THE PATRIOT,
Harrisburg, Pa.

The Sun.

The Best Newspaper in America, and by far the Most Readable.

Agents wanted everywhere to earn money in distributing the Sun's Premiums.

The most interesting and advantageous offers ever made by any Newspaper.

No Subscriber ignored or neglected. Something for all.

Beautiful and Substantial Premiums in Standard Gold and other Watches, Valuable Books, the Best Family Sewing Machine known to the trade, and an unequaled list of objects of real utility and instruction.

Rates, by Mail, Postpaid:

DAILY, per Year (without Sunday) $6 00
DAILY, per Month (without Sunday) 50
SUNDAY, per Year 1 00
FOR EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR 7 00
WEEKLY, per Year 1 00

Address, THE SUN, New York City.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again. I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

KNABE

PIANO-FORTES.
UNEQUALLED IN
Tone, Touch, Workmanship & Durability.
WILLIAM KNABE & CO.
Nos. 204 and 206 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
No. 112 Fifth Avenue, New York.

AGENTS WANTED The UNBREAKABLE GLASS Lamp Chimneys. Bears heavy falls; will sustain your weight on it; stands cold water splashed on hot chimney; sells at sight. Sample mailed, 35c.; one dozen by express, $1.35. Also, the NON-EXPLOSIVE, SELF-EXTINGUISHING LAMP BURNER. Has nickel reflector. No blowing down chimney; fills lamp without removing burner or chimney; no smoke, smell or danger. Sample mailed, 35c; one dozen by express, $2.10. Both the above mailed for 60c. Address, J. E. CLOWS, Reansville, Pa.

CONSUMPTION

I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy, that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give Express and P. O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

SELWYN HALL READING, PENN.

A thorough preparatory School for Boys. Conducted upon the Military plan. Boys of any age admitted. Send for catalogue, terms, etc. L. C. BISHOP, Head Master, Reading, Pa.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in Colonnade Row, on Centre street.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of the low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., NEW YORK.

MALARIAL POISON.

The principal cause of nearly all sickness at this time of the year has its origin in a disordered Liver, which, if not regulated in time, great suffering, wretchedness and death will ensue. A gentleman writing from South America says: 'I have used your Simmons' Liver Regulator with good effect, both as a prevention and cure for malarial fevers on the Isthmus of Panama.'

TAKE

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR,
A Purely Vegetable Medicine.
AN EFFECTUAL SPECIFIC
FOR

MALARIOUS FEVERS,
BOWEL COMPLAINTS,
JAUNDICE,
COLIC,
RESTLESSNESS,
MENTAL DEPRESSION,
SICK HEADACHE,
CONSTIPATION,
NAUSEA,
BILIOUSNESS,
DYSPEPSIA, &c

If you feel drowsy, debilitated, have frequent headache, mouth tastes badly, poor appetite, and tongue coated, you are suffering from torpid liver or "biliousness," and nothing will cure you so speedily and permanently as to take

SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR.

It is given with safety, and the happiest results to the most delicate infant. It takes the place of quinine and bitters of every kind. It is the cheapest, purest and best family medicine in the world.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO. Philadelphia.

Sold by all Druggists

REMOVAL!

—)o(—

Alfred E. Goetz,

—)o(—

Altoon's Leading Merchant Tailor, Has Removed to Much Larger and more Commodious Quarters.

—)o(—

TWO SQUARES ABOVE HIS [—old stand to—]

No. 1511 Eleventh Avenue,

—)o(—

Where His Fall and Winter Stock is Now Ready for Inspection. For Fashionable Fabric, Beautiful Fit and a Good Workmanship, go to GOETZ, the Tailor,

—)o(—

11th Avenue, Near 16th St.
ALTOONA, PA.

ENCOURAGE
HOME INDUSTRY.

The attention of buyers is respectfully invited to my large stock of

ELEGANT FURNITURE,
— CONSISTING OF —
Parlor and Chamber Suits,
WARDROBES, SIDEBOARDS,
Centre, Extension and Breakfast Tables,
CHAIRS, CUPBOARDS, SINKS,
BED SPRING MATTRESSES,

and in fact nearly everything pertaining to the Furniture business. Also, any goods in that line manufactured in the United States sold at the lowest catalogue prices.

Upholstering, Repairing and Painting of all kind of Furniture, Chairs, Lounges, &c. promptly and satisfactorily attended to. Ware room on High street, opposite the Congregational church. Please call and examine goods whether you wish to purchase or not.

E. B. CRESSWELL.
Ebensburg, April 18, 1884.-1y.

ESTEY ORGANS
—ARE THE—
Best in the World!

Agents Wanted

Best Prices and Terms to FIRST-CLASS MEN. ONLY RESPONSIBLE PARTIES NEED APPLY.

Jewelers, Furniture Men and Music Can Sell Our Instruments.

WE ALSO HANDLE FOR THE TRADE
—THE—
SHONINGER ORGANS,
CLOUGH & WARRENS ORGANS,
STORY & CLARK ORGANS,
STERLING ORGANS.
DECKER BROS. PIANOS,
BEHR BROS. PIANOS,
Wm. KNABE & CO.'S PIANOS
J. & C. FISSHER PIANOS.

Our business being the largest in Pennsylvania we have facilities for supplying the trade at better rates than you can possibly get from the Factory.

Correspondents Solicited. Specially Low Prices for Fall Trade.

S. Hamilton,
87 Fifth Ave. & 150 First Ave.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Nov. 27.-1m.

Duff's Mercantile College
Pittsburgh

A live school, imparting a practical business education; enabling young men to enter upon the active duties of life. For circulars address P. DUFF & SONS. [Sept. 25.-3m.

THE
CHICAG
COTTAGE
ORGAN

Has attained a standard of excellence
It contains every improvement that
genius, skill and money can produce.

OUR AIM IS TO EXCEL.

ESTABLISHED REPUTATION,
UNEQUALED FACILITIES,
SKILLED WORKMEN,
BEST MATERI
COMBINED, MAKE THIS
THE POPULAR ORGA

Instruction Books and Piano Stools.
Catalogues and Price Lists, on application
The Chicago Cottage Organ C
Corner Randolph and Ann Streets,
CHICAGO, ILL.

"CANDEE"
Rubber
BOOTS
WITH
DOUBLE THICK
BALL.

Ordinary Rubber Boots always wear out first on the ball. The CANDEE Boots are double thick on the ball, and give DOUBLE WEAR. Most economical Rubber Boot in the market. Lasts longer than any other boot and the PRICE NO HIGHER. Call and examine the goods.

FOR SALE BY
H. CHILDS & CO.,
WHOLESALE AGENTS CANDEE
PITTSBURG, PA.
Ebensburg, Sept. 11, '85.

E. L. JOHNSON, M. J. BUCK, A. W. BU
Johnston, Buck & C
BANKERS,
Ebensburg, Pa
Money Received on Depo
PAYABLE ON DEMAND.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPO
COLLECTIONS MADE
AT ALL ACCESSIBLE POINTS.
DRAFTS on the Principal Ci
Bought and Sold and a
General Banking Business Trans
ACCOUNTS SOLICITED.
A. W. BUCK, Cashie
Ebensburg, April 4, 1884.-tf.

INCORPORATED IN 1857.
STRICTLY ON MUTUAL PLA
PROTECTION MUTUAL
FIRE INSURANCE COMP'Y
OF EBENSBURG, PA.
Premium Notes now in force - $135,
Only 7 Assessments in 28 Years
Good FARM PROPERTIE
ESPECIALLY DESIRED.
NO STEAM RISKS TAKEN
GEO. M. READE, Presiden
T. W. DICK, Secretary.
Ebensburg, Jan. 21, 1881.-1y.

B. J. LYNCH
UNDERTAKER,
And Manufacturer and Dealer in
HOME AND CITY MADE
FURNITURE
PARLOR AND CHAMBER SUITS
LOUNGES, BEDSTEADS
TABLES, CHAIRS,
Mattresses, &c
1605 ELEVENTH AVENUE
Between 16th and 17th Sts.,
ALTOONA, PA.

Citizens of Cambria county and all others wishing to purchase honest FURNITURE, &c., at honest prices are respectfully invited to give me a call before buying elsewhere, as we are confident that we can meet every want and please every taste. Prices the very lowest.
Altoona, April 10, 1885.-tf.

1794. 188
Policies written at short notice in the
OLD RELIABLE "ÆTNA"
And other First Class Companies.
T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COMP
COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.
Ebensburg, July 27, 1883.

STAR SHAVING PARLOR
Three Doors West of Postoffice,
HIGH STREET, EBENSBURG, P
J. H. GANT, Proprietor.

THE PUBLIC will always find me at my place of business in business hours. [illegible]

Ebensburg Fire Insurance Ag
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agen
EBENSBURG, PA.

M. D. KITTELL,
Attorney-at-Law,
EBENSBURG, PA.
Office in new Armory Hall, opposite Court H

Cambria Freeman.
EBENSBURG, PA.
FRIDAY, - - - DEC. 4, 1885.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Here, There and the Other Place.

—Go see the nice line of Christmas goods at James' drug store.

—Boys' sleds of all styles and sizes at Huntley's hardware store.

—You can get the cheapest horse blankets at Huntley's hardware store.

—Sleigh bells of all styles cheaper than ever at Huntley's hardware department.

—Mr. William Byrne wants it distinctly understood that he sells coal only for cash.

—A new township has been laid cut in Bedford county, and is to be called Cleveland.

—The best doctors use Hunt's Kidney Remedy among their most valued prescriptions.

—The finest and the cheapest sleigh robes can be had at Huntley's cheap hardware store.

—Go to the old reliable hardware store and get one of those nice and cheap sleigh blankets.

—Eight lbs. good roasted coffee for $1 00 in pound packages at Ed. Griffith's checkered front.

—If you desire anything in the line of holiday goods see the stock at James' drug store. Something for everybody.

—All kinds of Christmas toys just received at Huntley's hardware store, where they are now on exhibition.

—Everybody, both old and young, can be suited in a holiday present at James' drug store. Go early and make a selection.

—If you contemplate buying a fine watch for a Christmas present, go and see the immense stock Carl Rivinius has on exhibition.

—Kaye and Scribner's Comedy Company, at Armory Hall, Monday, December 7. Reserved seats for sale at James' drug store.

—Make your hens lay in winter by feeding Imperial Egg Food and ground oyster shells, for sale at Dr. Zimmerman's drug store.

—A deaf mute named James Eichelberger, who had been drinking heavily, fell dead in a barroom at Huntingdon one day last week.

—Francis Bearer, Esq., a well known citizen of Carrolltown, has been ill and confined to his bed at his home for the past three weeks.

—The town was enlivened on Monday last by two fights, but the blood spilled, if turned into ink, would scarcely be enough to write up them.

—Oh, my! Just go and look at that nice, fancy colored and clear glassware at the old reliable hardware store of Geo. Huntley. It is so nice.

—Lost, on Wednesday night of last week a large hemstitched white silk handkerchief. It will reach the owner by leaving it at the post office.

—Mr. Charles Murray, of Conemaugh borough, has rented the farm of Mr. Joseph Gates, in Cambria township, and moved there one day last week.

—It is worth your while to drop in at James' drug store and see the fine display of holiday goods now on exhibition. Desirable gifts can be had at all prices.

—Col. William K. Piper, formerly a well known citizen of this place, but for the past eight or ten years a resident of Hollidaysburg, died at home in that place on Wednesday last, aged about sixty years.

—The county Commissioners of Washington county have in view the adoption of the ball and chain system for taking care of their tramps, they having written to the Blair county officials to see how it works in that county.

—The new tax bill passed by the last Legislature will lay out a number of Pennsylvania's embryonic statesmen, judging from the opinion the people have of the new law, as expressed by our exchanges from all parts of the State.

—A three and a half foot vein of good bituminous coal has been found on the farm of Mr. Elias Behe, in Allegheny township, just outside of Loretto borough. The coal will prove a bonanza to Mr. Behe, as it is the only bank in that immediate vicinity.

—McDonald at Loretto sells boys boots at from $1. to $2. per pair; mens' boots from $1 to $4; children's shoes from 50 cts. to $1.; misses' shoes from 75 cts. to $1.50; ladies' shoes from $1. to $2.; misses', ladies', and men's rubbers of all kinds at lowest prices, for cash or marketable produce.

—A Huntingdon county farmer one day last week captured a large black eagle in a trap. The bird measured thirty-three inches in height and seven feet six inches across its extended wings. It was purchased by an agent of the Philadelphia Zoological Society, where it will be placed on exhibition.

—Christmas is coming: if you make a nice present to your friends, go and see the fine stock of articles just received at Carl Rivinius' store for the holidays.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., has a lot of all wool goods in clothing that he will sell at less than cost to close them out. Pants as low as 90 cts. and upward; vests as low as $1 and upward; coats as low as $2. and upward; overcoats as low as $3. and upward, for cash or good marketable produce.

—Mr. Frank Cook, of Tyrone, while out hunting one day last week had a very narrow escape. While firing his gun it burst, shattering the stock to his shoulder into fragments and ripping the barrel for about 12 inches; and yet he escaped with only a slight wound on the thumb, caused by a splinter.

—There is no no excuse for your not buying a nice present for your friend or sweetheart when you can get them so nice and cheap at Carl Rivinius'. Come in time and see for yourself.

—Parties wishing to have rare and nice house flowers can obtain bulbs and plants at the postoffice, as follows: Bridal Lilly, Easter Lilly, Roman Hyacinth, New Gem, Sweet Tulips, Narcissus (white and yellow), Double Ranunculus, Double Anemone, New Dbl. Hyacinthus Candicans, Tea Roses and New Double Geraniums.

—A son of Mr. A. T. Pindle died at his home near Ilchester, Howard county, Md. on Wednesday of last week, from consumption. He was about 18 years of age, and was the only remaining son, three others having died from the same disease. A daughter of Mr. Pindle died at the Mountain House, in this place, about two years ago from the same disease.

—The Dick's Fodder Cutter, Splitter & Crusher is, undoubtedly, the best in the market. It can be used by horse or hand power, and the crusher or feeder can be stopped without stopping the knives; also other advantages, and prices to correspond with the times. Call and see them at the old reliable hardware store of Geo. Huntley.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., still holds the fort and continues to wage war against high prices. He sells dress goods as low as 5 cts per yard; canton flannels at 6 cts. per yard; all ginghams at 8 cts. per yard; best shirting at 10 cts per yard; gray flannels at 15 cts. per yard; good Kentucky jeans at 15 cts. per yard, velveteens, shawls, blankets, and all other fall and winter goods at equally low prices, for cash or good, marketable produce.

—Every buyer of goods worth fifty cents or more at Carl Rivinius' can get a sheet of music worth from 25 to 40 cents in the bargain. There are eight different kinds to select from.

—Over three car loads of the following stoves sold in four years at the old reliable hardware store of Geo. Huntley, viz: Othello, New Sunshine, New Excelsior, Penn and New Light House, not one of which failed to give the best of satisfaction. Call and see them before purchasing.

—Kaye & Scribner's Comedy Company will appear at Armory Hall, Monday, Dec. 7, in "Daddy Dolan and His Son." The company comes to us highly recommended by both press and public everywhere as being well worthy of public patronage. The play as written by Mr. Kaye is full of fun and funy situations. It is one of the leading funny comedies since it has been introduced on the American Stage. Admission 25 and 35 cents. Reserved seats 50 cents. Tickets now for sale at James' drug store.

—Can you tell who is in the greatest danger of catching any infectious or epidemic disease? "Why," you say, "the person whose blood is in an impure or impoverished condition.' Exactly. Such people take special complaints as dry grass bursts into flame before the sparks of a locomotive. Pure blood is a defense; it means safety, and Dr. Kennedy's Favorite Remedy is the mildest safest and surest purifier of the blood. Our chief dangers are within ourselves.

—A great number of the most intelligent people do not intend to fill up and swear to the return on the blank presented to them by the assessors in the different districts, but will allow the assessor to make the valuation, and the County Commissioners to add the fifty per cent., as required by law. They expect to save the fifty per cent. by herafter buying their dry goods, dress goods, boots and shoes, groceries and provisions at John Owens' store, on High street, and their heads are level.

—On Thursday about one o'clock in the afternoon, as Michael O'Hara of Munster township, was leaving Ebensburg on his way home, driving a horse and buggy, just as he was crossing the railroad near the station on the Wilmore road the train came along and struck the hind wheel, knocking the buggy up in the air about as high as the smoke stack and tearing it loose from the horse. Mr. O'Hara escaped with a few slight scratches on his face, but the buggy was a total wreck. The day was stormy, and the train could not be heard, and as it was long after its regular time, Mr. O'Hara was not expecting it. As it happened he made a very narrow escape.

—McDonald at Loretto, Pa., sells 16 lbs. good brown sugar for $1.; 12 lbs. best white sugar for $1.; 4 lbs. good tea for $1.; 8 lbs. good green or roasted coffee for $1.; 6 lbs. best green or roasted coffee for $1.; 3 lbs. quinces for 25 cts.; 3 lbs. rice for 25 cts.; 4 lbs. barley for 25 cts.; 4 lbs. bolted oats for 25 cts.; 5 lbs. oatmeal for 25 cts.; 6 lbs. hominy for 25 cts.; good molasses 40 cts. per gal.; syrup at 50 cts. per gal.; carbon oil at 12 cts. per gal.; crocks 10 cts. per gal.; tinware, queensware, glassware, and all other kinds of ware at rock bottom prices, for cash or good, marketable produce.

—The blanks distributed by the assessors under the new tax law are prepared to include horses, mules and cattle, which are not taxable for State purposes and should not be there. The County Commissioners have been notified that it was a mistake in getting up the blanks, made in the Auditor General's office at Harrisburg, and parties are not required to fill up that part of the blank. The law don't seem to be understood by the officials or anybody else, and if it were not that the same parties who passed the law would be called back again to repeal it, an extra session of the Legislature for that purpose would be almost welcomed by the people.

Boy Frozen to Death.

On Monday of last week Mr. Richard Adams, of Clearfield township, accompanied by his thirteen-year-old son, started to the woods to hunt, and it was also the intention of Mr. Adams to visit Altoona before returning home. Towards evening, when they had reached a point near Wopsononnick, near the line that divides Cambria and Blair counties, the father left the boy, first giving him the gun and showing him the way home, and started to Altoona, where he remained until Thursday, at which time he returned home and, to his astonishment and horror, found that his boy had not reached there. The alarm was immediately sent to the neighbors, and a large number turned out in search of the missing boy. The place where his father had parted with him was about two miles and a half from home, and it was thought he would have no trouble in reaching it, as he was well acquainted with the roads. All sorts of theories were put forth to account for the lad's failure to return, some supposing that he had been drowned in the Clearfield creek, which he would have been obliged to cross in order to reach the house, while others were under the impression that he perished in the deep snow which fell that day. The creek was dragged and the mountain sides searched, but no trace of him was found until Monday afternoon, when Mr. Joseph Wilt found the lad's gun standing against a tree near Plack's mill. Search was continued until dark, but nothing more was discovered that day. Early Tuesday morning search was again taken up, this time by about one hundred and twenty-five men. They proceeded slowly, examining everything carefully, and at 8:30 o'clock William Conway, one of the party, discovered the frozen remains of the boy against a tree, at a point between McCartney's cabin and Demaree's mill. The body was in a sitting posture, frozen stiff, and the skin discolored. It was carried to Plack's mill, and from there taken on a sled to the residence of Mr. Adams. This is indeed a sad affair, and one which cannot but create the sympathy of all who learn the particulars for the parents and friends of the unfortunate little fellow. What he suffered can only be conjectured.

It Won't Pay

after so much labor and capital has been expended to build up this medicine, to allow it to deteriorate. You can take Simmons Liver Regulator with perfect faith, as it is made by no adventurers who pick up the business of concocting medicines, but by educated, practical druggists who have made the study of medicine and its compounds the labor of a lifetime. The care, precision, neatness and perfection exhibited by the very appearance of the Regulator proves it to be the best prepared medicine in the market, and J. H. Zeilin & Co. fully carry out their motto: "Purissima et Optima (purest and best).

A Remarkable Escape.

Mrs. Mary A. Dailey, of Tunkhannock, Pa., was afflicted for six years with Asthma and Bronchitis, during which time the best physicians could give no relief. Her life was despaired of, until last October she procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery, when immediate relief was felt, and by continuing its use for a short time she was completely cured, gaining in flesh 50 lbs. in a few months. Free trial bottle of this certain cure of all Throat and Lung Diseases at E. James' Drug Store. Large bottles $1.00.

FITS—All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No fits after first day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia.

TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

What Was Done at the Session Held in This Place Last Week.

The Nineteenth Annual Teachers' Institute of Cambria County commenced in the Court House, this place, at two o'clock on Monday afternoon of last week, and was called to order by the County Superintendent, ex-officio. The following teachers were offered by Supt. Strayer as officers of the meeting: Vice Presidents, S. P. Fink and J. W. Leech; Secretaries, M. H. Cochran, A. H. Grumbling; En. Secretaries, Geo. A. Noon, L. S. Reed and E. J. Sybert; Treasurer, J. W. Burkhart.

The pupils of the Ebensburg schools, in charge of the principal, Mr. J. W. Leech, sang, "Scatter the Germs," and prayer was offered by Rev. Robert McCaslin, of the Presbyterian church. Supt. Strayer then made a brief address to the teachers, reminding them that their duty was to contribute everything possible for the success of the Institute, and urged good attendance and close attention to the instruction of the week, after which Prof. Boyd made a few remarks, giving points to unappreciating teachers, who are liable to get but little good from the week's work. Prof. Durling followed with remarks introductory to the discussion of the subject of Physiology. Prof. Boyd then took up the subject of Grammar, discussing methods of study and methods of teaching. Miss Shriver was next introduced and spoke briefly of the advantages of musical culture.

The chairman then announced the time of sessions as follows: Morning session, open at 9 A. M. and close at 12; afternoon session, open at 1:30 and close at 4:30.

After another song by the pupils of the Ebensburg schools Institute adjourned.

The evening session was given to the illustrated lecture on travels through Northern Europe.

Tuesday morning session opened with singing by the Institute, conducted by Miss Shriver. Prof. Boyd then spoke on "Conditions Necessary to Success in Teaching." Many teachers earn more than they receive; some, at $25 per month, receive more than they earn. Teachers should improve their time while teaching in study and professional reading. They should not board where there are squalling children and scolding women.

Dr. Higbee was introduced and discussed at some length the duties of teachers in relation to their work and county Institute.—Prof. Durling next spoke of the necessity for systematic study by pupils of our schools. He advised outlines to be frequently used.

After music by the Institute, led by Miss Shriner, the morning session closed.

Tuesday afternoon session opened with singing, after which Dr. Higbee and Prof. Durling addressed those present. Prof. Irish, of Lima, Ohio, was next introduced and discussed the subject of analysis by diagrams. Miss Shriner then gave a class drill in calisthenics, after which Institute adjourned.

Tuesday evening Dr. Higbee delivered his lecture to a large audience on the "Common Schools of the Commonwealth."

Wednesday morning the session opened with singing by the Institute led by Miss Shriner.

A teachers' meeting, presided over by Mr. J. C. Brown, followed. Mr. Geo. A. Noon opened the discussion on supplementary reading. The subject was further discussed by J. W. Leech, M. H. Cochran, J. A. Kensinger and others.

Prof. Durling next discussed the topic, "Psychology as the true basis of the teachers' work." Miss Shriner then gracefully instructed in "Physical Culture."

The chairman appointed a committee on resolutions and an auditing committee, and Institute then adjourned.

The session of Wednesday afternoon opened with musical instruction by Miss Shriner and singing by the Institute.

The time being set apart for directors' day they were invited to take charge of the meeting. Mr. M. Fitzharris, of Gallitzin, was elected chairman of the meeting.—Prof. Durling was called upon to discuss the 'Special duties of teachers and directors." At the close of the address the directors' meeting adjourned.

Prof. Shimmel was then introduced and spoke on the teaching of literature in connection with geography and historical studies. Prof. Boyd spoke on the relation between geography and history. Institute adjourns.

Thursday morning session was called to order by the chairman at 9 o'clock. Roll call and minutes read. Institute joins in singing.

The chairman appointed a committee to report on "Teachers' Reading Circles" and a committee to report on the death of teachers.

Prof. Irish continued his instruction on grammar and analysis. Prof. Shimmell discussed "Crankism." Prof. Boyd spoke on the topic, "Signification of local and historical names."

Institute closed with singing.

Afternoon session opened at 2 o'clock.—Profs. Durling and Irish made a few farewell remarks upon leaving the Institute.

The teachers called for a spelling contest and Supt. Strayer pronounced thirty words. Messrs. Sybert, Lehman and Kaylor were appointed a committee to examine the spelling papers.

TEACHERS' READING CIRCLES.

The committee on Reading Circles offered a report. It was discussed and unanimously adopted by the Institute, as follows:

WHEREAS, It is the duty of the live teachers everywhere to embrace every opportunity offered for the acquisition of a more thorough knowledge of their work, both as to matter and methods. To accomplish this work in the best manner requires system and perseverance. Therefore,

Resolved, That we recommend to the teachers of Cambria county the organization of teachers' reading circles throughout the county, and to follow the general course of study prepared by the State Committee, as follows:

Elementary Course—First Year.

1st. School Management—Raub.
2d. Methods of Teaching—Wickersham, Brooks or Raub.
3d. Physiology and Hygiene—any good book.
4th. Outline Study of Man—Hopkins.
5th. (Optional.) Recommended—Pestalozzis, Leonard and Gertrude.

Resolved, That we also recommend that teachers study and acquaint themselves with the best methods of practical teaching as found in our best educational papers; and that they make discussion of these methods a prominent part of their work in the reading circles.

(Signed)
L. STRAYER,
A. S. BRUBAKER,
J. C. BROWN,
D. S. YODER.

The election of a committee on Permanent Certificates next took place. Committee to conduct the election consisted of Messrs. Crafford, Davis and W. A. Wills.

After musical instruction by Miss Shriner Institute adjourned.

Friday morning's session opened by singing, roll call, etc., after which Prof. Boyd gave a few rules for the solution of all problems, illustrating the rules with practical problems.

The committee on spelling made a report as follows: J. W. Leech missed two words, Cora Criste and Geo. A. Noon each missed three words, Miss L. H. Linton, Miss Miltonberger and Mr. Mohney each missed four words.

The auditing committee offered a report that the treasurer's accounts did not show the total receipts and expenses of the Institute. The chairman informed the Institute that it was his duty under the law to make his statement to the County Auditors and to the State Department. This statement has always been made according to law. A motion was made and carried that this annual statement be also presented to the Institute. The chairman announced that the request of the Institute would be complied with, although not required by law, and an additional statement would be prepared for the next Institute.

OBITUARY.

The obituary committee then offered their report as follows:

WHEREAS, Providence has removed from our number Patrick Dougherty, of Portage, David L. Kauffman, of Croyle, and Thomas Dugan, of Taylor, all teachers who were zealous in their work and devoted to the cause of education, therefore,

Resolved, That the teachers of Cambria county hereby express their grief over the loss of their departed friends and co-laborers in the profession of teaching; that we extend our sympathy to the bereaved families of the deceased, and that we rejoice with them in the belief that they have gone to a better home.

Resolved, That copies of these resolutions be sent to the families of the deceased, and to the county papers for publication.

(Signed)
CYRUS SHEPHERD,
ANNIE BEYNON,
BID. REILLY.

The committee of tellers on permanent certificates reported the following teachers elected: M. J. Mohney, J. C. Brown, A. S. Brubaker, Thos. J. Itell and Mary A. Angus.

Miss King occupied half an hour on the subject of reading and breathing exercises.

PERMANENT CERTIFICATES.

The committee on permanent certificates made a report as follows:

Resolved, That we require a general average of 75 per cent. to pass, and that in grammar, arithmetic, history and methods of teaching we require 80 per cent.

2d. That we refuse to examine applicants in any branches not named on their certificates, and we recommend applicants to have inserted on their professional certificates the branches in which they wish to be examined, especially physiology.

3d. That the theory of teaching shall include methods of teaching, school management and psycology, as far as the intellect, and that in geography, physical, mathematical, and political are included.

4th. That the meeting of the committee to be held on Friday and Saturday, May 7 and 8, 1886, at Iron street school building, Millville, Pa., Examination to begin at 9 o'clock A. M.

(Signed)
MARY A. AGNES, Sec'y.
A. S. BRUBAKER, Pres.

PROFESSIONAL CERTIFICATES.

The County Superintendent announced that the examination for professional certificates would be held the last Saturday of April, 1886, and that the requirements would be same as for the present, and that teachers who held permanent or professional certificates and wished to have additional branches added should present themselves for examination at the same time. Place of examination will be announced hereafter through the county papers.

GENERAL RESOLUTIONS.

Following is the report of committee on general resolutions.

WHERAS, We, the teachers of Cambria county, recognizing as we do in the annual County Institute an important factor in furtherance of education, think it fitting before disbanding to give expression to the zeal we cherish for the noble work in the interest of which we are now assembled, and acknowledge due obligations; therefore be it *Resolved*.

1st. That our sincere thanks are due to our worthy State Superintendent, Dr. Higbee, for the zeal manifested in our behalf expressed in his earnest talks and lectures before our association.

2d. That in Profs. Durling, Boyd, Irish and Shimmel we recognized great energy and ability as instructors, and that from them we have received practical aid for which they have our kindest regards.

3d. That we hereby express our appreciation to Miss Katie Shriner for the manner in which she presented her instruction in music and calisthenics.

4th. That we highly appreciate the excellent manner in which we were entertained by Misses King and Sansom, on Thursday night; their exercises being the most entertaining of the week.

5th. That in Superintendent Lewis Strayer we recognize great energy as a worker in the cause of education; and we hereby pledge ourselves to give him our entire support in bringing our schools to the highest standard, and if possible superior to all other schools of the Commonwealth.

6th. That our thanks are due to the enrolling secretaries and other officers of the Institute for contributing so largely to its success.

7th. That the thanks of the Institute are hereby tendered to the good people of Ebensburg for their kind reception of us among them.

8th. That we highly appreciate the kindness of the Commissioners in giving us the free use of the court house.

9th. That our thanks are due the hotel keepers and railroad officials for their very generous reduction of rates.

10th. That we tender our thanks to the Directors who attended Wednesday evening, also to the pupils of the Ebensburg public schools for the music furnished by them during the Institute.

(Signed)
ALLIE LLOYD,
ELLA DUNEGAN,
MAGGIE BOYLAN,
MARY C. MCMULLEN,
MARY A. ANGUS,
M. J. MOHNEY,
F. J. PARRISH.

After a few closing remarks by Miss Shriner Supt. Strayer spoke briefly of the work of the week, urging teachers to make good use of notes taken and thanking all who contributed to make the meeting a successful one, and closed by hoping all might carry with them pleasant recollections and profitable instruction.

After reading of the minutes of the morning session, the Institute joined in singing, "Praise God," etc., and finally adjourned at 12:40 P. M.

TEACHERS PRESENT.

Following is a list of teachers who were in attendance at the Institute:

Adams.—J. F Livingston, M. M. Roundabush, E. H. Burkhart, A. F. Shank, C. Harshbarger, Regina Glitsch, Carrie A. Sproal.

Ashland.—Mame Dunn.

Allegheny.—Melinda Farabaugh, Lizzie Fogle, Martha Denny, Olive Topper, F. J. Parrish, H. G. Kaylor, Harriet Bradley.

Barr.—Mary Killin, A. S. Kirsch.

Blacklick.—Sadie J. Barkley, Katie Reed, Hattie Jones, L. S. Reed, E. Rowland, James McCrory.

Cambria Bor.—Mrs. M. O'Donnell, Maggie Boylan.

Cambria Twp.—Mrs. L. H. Linton, Annie M. Jones, Annie Beynon, Clara A. Beynon, Nolle Garman, Effie Myers, Mattie Howell, Mollie A. Evans, Jerry Lloyd, R. D. Jones.

Carroll.—Ella Sweeny, Annie Haid, Maggie Reilly, Maggie Hoover, Joseph Kaylor, A. J. Anna, P. J Huber, Rettie Reiter.

Chest Springs.—Mrs. M. J. Cramer.

Chest.—Peter Glasser.

Clearfield.—W. A. Wills, Ella Dunegan.

Cambria Bor.—A. H. Grumbling, Maggie Barry, Maggie Bailey, Mary Jenkins, Jennie Murray, Mary C. McMullen, Lizzie M. Davis, Ella Jose.

Conemaugh Twp.—Della Shaffer, Almira Noon, Irene Davis.

Coopersdale.—Mary A. Angus, Lizzie S. Roberts.

Croyle.—Amanda C. Criste, Cora Criste, Laura Gilpatrick, Lizzie Berghan, Isidor P. Yakner.

Dean.—Susie Davis.

E. Conemaugh.—Cyrus Shepherd, M. H. Cochran, Mollie A. Good, Emma C. McFeaters.

Ebensburg.—J. W. Leech, Gussie Davis, Allie Lloyd, Mrs. C. W. Lewis, Mary E. Davis.

Elder.—Aggie Yahner, Edw. Melon, Jos. M. Noel.

Franklin.—Jno. W. Burkhart, Jennie E. Sellers.

Gallitzin Twp.—E. J. Sybert, James Caulay.

Gallitzin Bor.—Bid Reilly, Mary Fitzharris.

Grubtown.—J. J. Merley, M. L. Davis.

Jackson.—Mollie E. Sellers, Flora Davis, Theodosia Rowland, Flora B Conrad, Ella Simmons, Meilissa Custer, S. M Snyder.

Millville.—A. S. Brubaker, Wm. P. Reese, M. J. Mohney, Maggie Moore, Alice Cadogan, Mary E. Carmiddy, Emma Given, Mary Dowling, Sara A. McNeills, Ella M. Connelly.

Munster.—Annie J. Garrett, Rettie Beiter, Laura Glass, Jennie McKinn.

Portage.—Sara McGough, Mary Dougherty, Annie McGlade, Thomas J. Iteil, L. W. Diehl, Wm. McGough.

Summerhill.—Hannah Kuepper, Emma McCaulay, Kate Wallace, Annie Dempsey, Kate Crowley, Sadie Frazier.

Susquehannah.—Almira Bearer, Austin Weakland.

South Fork.—W. E. Miltonberger, Jessie M. Roberts.

Stony Creek.—Geo. H. Noon, Sadie Hill, Annie Sechler, Maggie Buckley, Hettie Miltonberger.

Reade.—Geo. W. Williams, Wm. Davis, M. A. Fahler.

Richland.—Mabel Boyer, Emma Holsopple, D.S. Yoder, W. H. Fry, Abram Hostetler, Jno. B.Lehman, S. W. Heckler.

East Taylor.—Sara Oppey, E. J. Burkhart, Wm. Davis, D. V. Poling.

West Taylor.—Sudie Hanansalt, Herman Wilson, W. A. Crafford.

Washington.—R. H. Biter, A. J. Sanker, Luke Sanker, A. J. Noel, J. A. Kensinger.

White.—Almira Stalb, Minnie McManamy.

Wilmore.—Isabella McKeever.

Upper Yoder.—Emma wertz, Minnie Linton, W. L. Crafford.

Lower Yoder.—Annie McCann, Mamie D Newman, Kate Higson, Sue Gageby, Mary Meehan, Pollie Menoher, Mrs. Emma J. Hood.

Johnstown.—W. W. Williams.

Letter From St. Boniface.

ST. BONIFACE, Nov. 27, 1885.

EDITOR OF THE FREEMAN: Our little town has greatly improved in the past few years. We have now two good hotels, kept by Mr C. Endler and Mr. F. Ott, two general stores, kept by Mr. Thomas Ott and F. E. Farabaugh, two blacksmith shops, two shoemakers, two doctors, Dr. Rice and his student, Dr. Harry Somerville, about half a dozen carpenters, butchers, and about all other trades are represented. In the last few years we have built a tower and steeple to our church and placed within it a new side altar, built a new fence around our cemetery, and a new stone sidewalk in front of the church. We have also built a fine new school house, and a great many other improvements have been made in the neighborhood. New farm houses and barns have been erected and the surrounding country cleared out, and what was a few years ago rough woodland, is now in a good state of cultivation.

Dr. Rice amputated the great toe of Mr. James Kelly one day last week, and Mr. Kelly is improving after the successful operation. Dr has been very successful since coming here, and is now enjoying a lucrative practice.

Mr. Andrew Farabaugh, one of our blacksmiths, had a narrow escape from serious injury one day last week. He had hitched up his horse and buggy, when the horse got frightened and started to run. Mr. Farabaugh got in front of him and seized the bridle, but was unable to stop him, the horse jumping over him and knocking him down with his hind feet, turning him a somersault and dragging the buggy over him. The horse then jumped a board fence and made a circle around a young orchard of apple trees, and was finally halted in his mad career with but little damage done.

It is rumored here that the Cresson & Coalport railroad along Clearfield creek will be extended, and built to the mouth of Chest creek next summer, and everyone here hopes the rumor may prove correct.

Several large deer have been captured in this neighborhood since the advent of the hunting season.

Our school teachers who were in attendance at the teachers' institute at Ebensburg were well pleased with their visit and the instruction they received.

A daughter of Mr. James Kirkpatrick, of this township, who had been seriously ill for some time with inflammation of the lungs, is, we are happy to state, recovering, and will in a short time, we hope, be able to be about again.

MONTES.

Halleck's Injustice to Grant.

The December number of the *North American Review* opens with an article on "Halleck's Injustice to Grant." The article is by Colonel Fred Grant, and relates to the injustice to which General Grant was subjected immediately after the capture of Fort Donelson. It is said that the attempt was subsequently made in the War Department to cover up this chapter of history, the records connected with it having been so separated and put away in detatched parts that it was made exceedingly difficult to get them together again. When General Grant became President the strange condition of these documents was discovered, and they were finally straightened out. Colonel Grant has made effective use of them in his present paper, which concludes as follows:

"The best comments I can make on this correspondence, probably, is what I have heard my father say. It is this:

General Halleck unquestionably regarded General C. F. Smith as a much fitter officer for the command of all the forces in the military district than he (Grant), and, to render Smith available for such command, desired his promotion to antedate the promotions of the other commanders. It is probable that the general opinion was that Smith's long services in the army and distinguished deeds rendered him the more proper person for such command. This did not justify, however, the dispatches which General Halleck sent to Washington or his subsequent concealment of them when pretending to explain the action of his superiors."

THE MOST obstinate cases of catarrh are cured by the use of Ely's Cream Balm, the only agreeable remedy. It is not a liquid or snuff and is easily applied. For cold in the head it is magical. It gives relief at once. Price 50 cents.

For fifteen years I have been greatly annoyed with this disgusting disease, which caused severe pain in my head, continual dropping into my throat and unpleasant breath. My sense of smell was much impaired. By a thorough use for six months of Ely's Cream Balm I have entirely overcome these troubles.—J. B. Case, St. Denis Hotel, Broadway, N. Y.

—Purge out the lurking distemper that undermines health, and constitutional vigor will return. Those who suffer from an enfeebled and disordered state of the system, should take Ayer's Sarsaparilla to cleanse the blood and restore vitality.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. For sale by E. James.

OBITUARY.

FARABAUGH.—Died, at his residence in Carroll township, on Sunday, November 29, 1885, Mr. Matthew Farabaugh, aged about 62 years.

The deceased was a stone cutter by trade, and was a well known and esteemed citizen. May his soul rest in peace.

LORETTO HOUSE,
(Formerly known as the Myers House)
LORETTO, CAMBRIA COUNTY, PA.,
W. M. PRUNER, Proprietor.

☞ Sample Room for Salesmen and good stabling for horses. ☞ TERMS MODERATE.

Ebensburg, Sept. 25, 1885.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.
Estate of HENRY BROWN, deceased.
Letters of Administration, *cum testamento annexo*, on the estate of Henry Brown, deceased, late of Wilmore borough, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET BROWN,
Administratrix.

Wilmore, Nov. 20, 1885.-6t.

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between D. G. Myers and Bro. has been dissolved by mutual consent.

D. G. MYERS,
JAMES F. MYERS.

The business of the late firm will be settled up by D. G. Myers. All persons indebted to said firm will make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them without delay.

D. G. MYERS & BRO.

STRAY HEIFER.—Came to the residence of the subscriber, in Allegheny township, about the middle of June, one red, two-year-old heifer, with right ear cut off, two short slits in the left, white spot on the forehead and a little white on the belly. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away; otherwise she will be disposed of according to law.

SAMUEL WILL.

Allegheny Twp, Dec. 4, 1885.-3t.

To Gratify His Wife

A Good Reason for Happiness.

"For many years I had suffered from a Complaint which the physicians call Gravel. I had employed some of the most noted doctors without obtaining any permanent relief, and for a long time my case was regarded as hopeless. All who knew the circumstances said I must die. Finally my wife induced me to try a bottle of Dr. Kennedy's 'Favorite Remedy,' which she had somewhere heard of or seen advertised. Without the slightest faith in it, but solely to gratify her, I bought a bottle of a druggist in our village. I used that and two or three bottles more, and—to make a long story short—I am now as healthy a man as there is in the country.

"Since then I have recommended 'Favorite Remedy' to others whom I knew to have suffered from Kidney and Liver complaints; and I assure the public that the 'Favorite Remedy' has done its work with a similar completeness in every single instance, and I trust some other sick and discouraged mortal may hear of it and try the 'Favorite Remedy,' as I did."—*Washington Monroe, Catskill, N. Y.*

Don't Let a Foolish Prejudice against popular medicines stand between you and the health of your wife, child or baby. It is always right to advertise a blessing. Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" is a blessing. It has saved thousands, and it will help you. If you are sick from troubles of the Kidneys, Bowels, Liver and Blood, spend One Dollar for this King of Medicines.

From Pole to Pole

AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.

The Harpooner's Story.

New Bedford, June 1, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Twenty years ago I was a harpooner in the North Pacific, when five others of the crew and myself were laid up with scurvy. Our bodies were bloated, gums swollen and bleeding, teeth loose, purple blotches all over us, and our breath seemed rotten. Take it by and large we were pretty badly off. All our lime-juice was accidentally destroyed, but the captain had a couple dozen bottles of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA and gave us that. We recovered on it quicker than I have ever seen men brought about by any other treatment for Scurvy, and I've seen a good deal of it. Seeing no mention in your Almanac of your Sarsaparilla being good for scurvy, I thought you ought to know of this, and so send you the facts.

Respectfully yours, RALPH Y. WINGATE.

The Trooper's Experience.

Masern, Basutoland (S. Africa,) March 7, 1883.

DR. J. C. AYER & CO.—Gentlemen: I have much pleasure to testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt-sores." I had those sores for some time. I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.

Yours truly, T. K. BODEN,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; Six bottles for $5.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of *Levare Facias*, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County and to me directed, the following described real estate will be exposed to public sale at the Mansion House, Johnstown, Pa., on

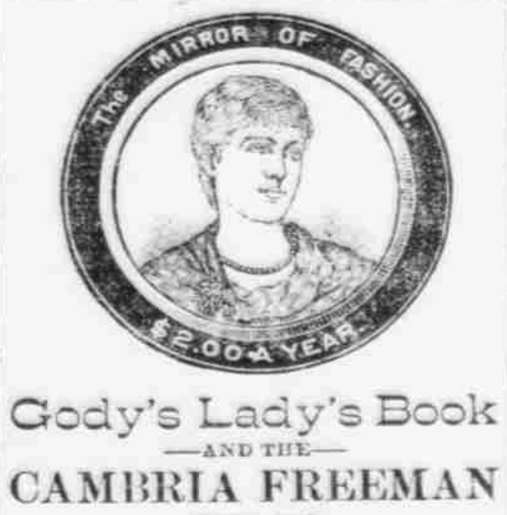
SATURDAY, 5th Day of December,
at 1 o'clock, p. m., to wit:

All the right, title and interest of Adam Kemery, of, in and to all that certain piece or parcel of land situate in the township of Taylor, county of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, viz: Beginning at a beech, thence by land of John Stewart and Allen Brown south 55 degrees, west 176 perches to a hickory; thence by land, now or late, of Henry Gochenour south 50¼ degrees, east 75 perches to a gum; thence by land now or late of John C. Gochenour south 83¾ degrees, east 65 perches to post, north 84¾ degrees, east 22 perches to a post; south 31¾ degrees, east 14 perches to a cherry; south 74¾ degrees, east 204-10 perches to a chestnut; thence by said land of Jacob C. Goughenour north 39 degrees, east 14 8-10 perches to a hickory, north 29 degrees, east 95 perches to a post; thence by land now or late of John Stewart north 25 degrees, west 41¾ perches to a beech, south 55 degrees, west 22 perches to a post, north 35 degrees, west 54 perches to the place of beginning, containing 125 acres, 13 perches and allowances, more or less. Taken in execution and to be sold at the suit of the Johnstown Savings Bank.

TERMS OF SALE.—One third of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down and the remaining two-thirds on confirmation of the deed.

D. A. LUTHER, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ebensburg, Nov. 10, 1885.



Gody's Lady's Book
—AND THE—
CAMBRIA FREEMAN
—BOTH FOR—
ONE YEAR FOR $3.50.

Ebensburg Insurance Agency
T. W. DICK,
General Insurance Agent!
EBENSBURG, PA.,
Policies written at short notice in the old reliable
ÆTNA,
Old Hartford
And other First-Class Companies.

Agents Wanted for P. T. BARNUM'S New Book
"THE STORY OF MY LIFE."
And the Art of Money Getting with Golden Rules for Money Making. Worth $100 to any young man starting in life. Over 800 pages; 50 illustrations. Price $2.25. Write at once to FORSHEE & McMAKIN, Cincinnati, O.
Agents Make $5 a Day Selling Perfect FAMILY SCALES
Entirely new in principle. Weigh one ounce to 25 pounds. What every family needs and will buy. Rapid sales surprise agents. FORSHEE & McMAKIN, CINCINNATI, O.

NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of Gillian Hoffman, deceased.

GREETING. You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Gillian Hoffman, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER,
Sheriff.

Ebensburg, Oct. 29, 1885.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION OF CHARTER FOR THE PLEASANT HILL CEMETERY ASSOCIATION.
Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria County on the *second Monday of December next* for a charter for the "Pleasant Hill Cemetery Association;" the object of which association is to procure, maintain and decorate a cemetery at or near Glasgow, Cambria county, Pa.

A. V. BARKER,
Attorney for Petitioners.

Ebensburg, Nov. 20, 1885.-3t.

STRAY STEER.—Came to the premises of the suberiber, in Summerhill township, Cambria county, on or about April 1st last, a yearling steer, dark brindle, with a notch in the under part of the right ear and a white face. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away; otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

DANIEL SKELLY.

Nov. 20, 1885.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Estate of DENNIS BRAWLEY, deceased.
Letters testamentory on the estate of Dennis Brawley, late of Ebensburg borough, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted to said estate that payment must be made without delay, and those having claims against the same must present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Executor.

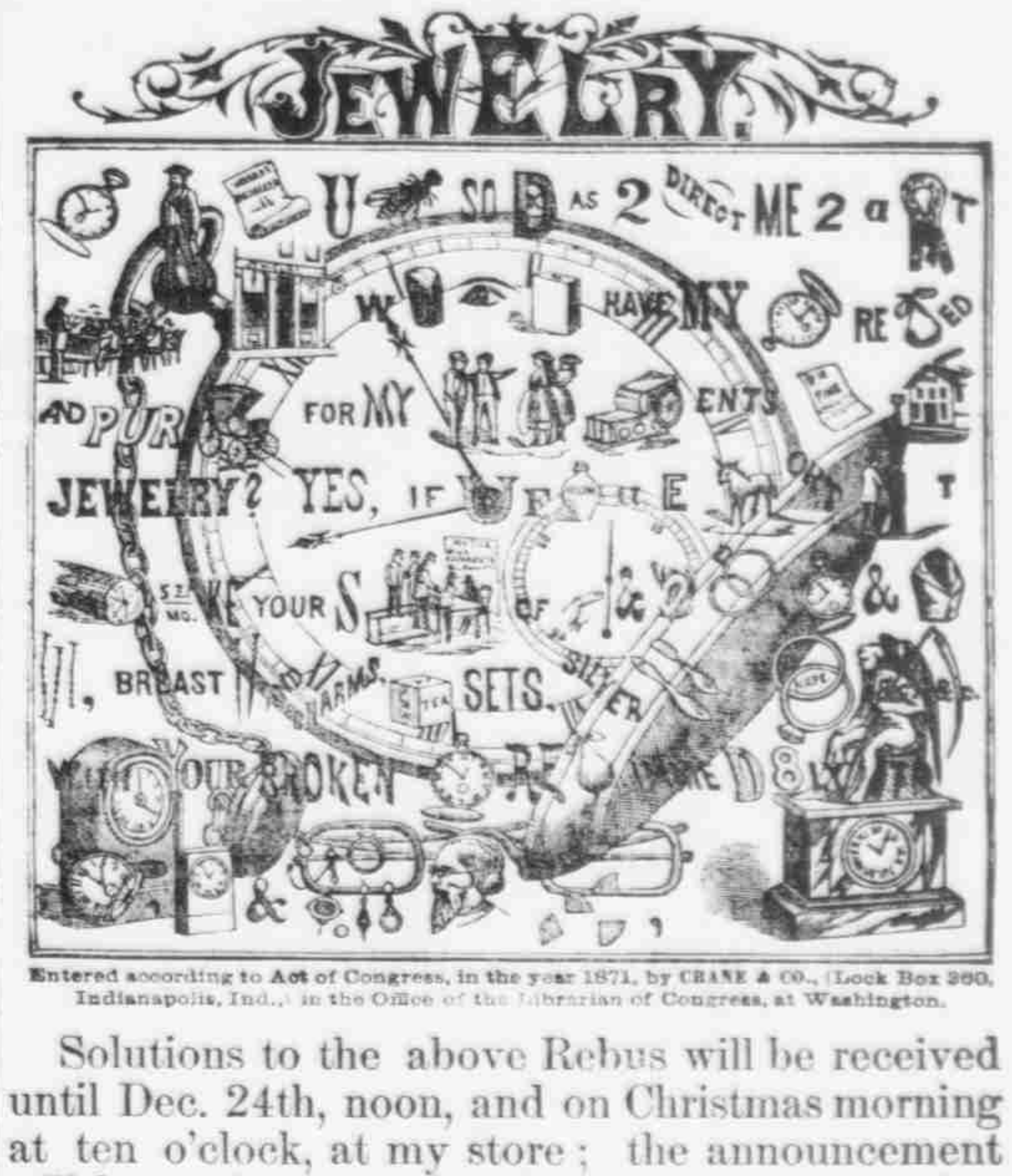
Ebensburg, Nov. 20, 1885.-6t.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that John P. O'Neill, of Washington township, Cambria county, has made a general assignment for the benefit of his creditors to the undersigned. All persons indebted to the said John P. O'Neill are requested to make payment, and those having claims to present them to the assignee without delay.

PHILIP J. SANDERS, Assignee.

Nov 20, 1885.-6t.

CARL RIVINIUS,
PRACTICAL WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,
AND DEALER IN
WATCHES, CLOCKS, SPECTACLES,
JEWELY, SILVERWARE AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.
EBENSBURG, PA.



Entered according to Act of Congress, in the year 1874, by CRANE & CO., (Lock Box 380, Indianapolis, Ind.,) in the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington.

Solutions to the above Rebus will be received until Dec. 24th, noon, and on Christmas morning at ten o'clock, at my store; the announcement will be made as to who the lucky person is that has given their solution FIRST. The winner will then and there be presented with a present taken from my immense stock. Parties entering for this contest can rest assured that it will be conducted squarely, as all solutions must be handed in in sealed envelopes, when they will be numbered, and the lowest number having a correct solution to be declared the winner of the prize.

Ebensburg Nov. 20.) CARL RIVINIUS.

Hardware! Hardware!

IMPORTANT TO CITIZENS OF EBENSBURG AND VICINITY.

WE TAKE THIS OPPORTUNITY OF INforming the people of Ebensburg and vicinity, that we have opened out in the Tudor building on High street, a new, large and complete stock of hardware of every description,

☞ *MECHANICS' TOOLS, BUILDERS' HARDWARE,*
☞ *FARMIMPLEMENTS, FORKS, SPADES, BLAC*
☞ *SMITH TOOLS, HORSE SHOES, HARROW PINS*
☞ *NAILS OF ALL KINDS, BAR IRON and STEEL,*
☞ *HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS, RE-*
☞ *VOLVERS, CUTLERY, GUNS, SHELLS,*
☞ *CARTRIDGES, TWINES, CORDAGE, ETC.*

Referring to the above, we respectfully ask the citizens of Ebensburg and surrounding country for a share of their patronage. We have been regularly trained in the hardware business, have bought our goods for cash and believe we can offer great inducements to those who desire to purchase.

E. DUFTON & SON.

EBENSBURG, April 3, 1885.

BOTTOM IS REACHED AT LAST

I Have Now in Store the Largest Stock of Hardware Ever Offered in the Country, all bought at Rock-Bottom Prices for Cash and all First-Class Goods. I do Not Buy or Keep in Stock Any Cheap Job Lot or Auction Goods. Whatever You Buy From me You Can Rely on Being Worth the Money You Pay for it. Owing to an Advance I am Now Selling Many Goods at Less Than I Can Replace Them at But I Shall Continue to Sell at Bottom Prices, until I am Compelled to Re-stock up. When You Want a Cooking or a Heating Stove, Tin, Hardware, Iron, Nails, Glass, Trunks and Farming Implements, Call and See my Prices I am Not Uundersold.

G. HUNTLEY.

Ebensburg August 14, 1885.

—If you wish to Farm for Profit, READ—
"HOW THE FARM PAYS," 412 pages, $2.50
—If you wish to Garden for Profit, READ—
"GARDENING FOR PROFIT," 300 pages, $1.50
—If you wish to become a Florist, READ—
"PRACTICAL FLORICULTURE," 300 pages, $1.50
All By PETER HENDERSON.

Any of the above books mailed free on receipt of the price. Our Catalogue for 1886, of 140 pages, containing descriptions and illustrations of the *newest, best,* and *rarest SEEDS* and *PLANTS,* will be mailed on receipt of 6 cts. in stamps to cover postage.

Peter Henderson & Co. 35 & 37 Cortlandt St., NEW YORK.

STRAY CATTLE.—Came to the residence of the subscriber in Dean township, on or about the 1st of July, eight head of young cattle supposed to be one year old, four head have the point cut off the right ear and the other four have both ears split. The owner or owners are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be disposed of according to law.

SAMUEL KRATZER.

Dean twp., Oct. 30, 1885.

TO ADVERTISERS.—Lowest Rates for advertising in 982 good newspapers sent free. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

NOTICE.—In the Orphans' Court of the County of Cambria. To the heirs and legal representatives of Catharine Laener, deceased.

GREETING. You are hereby cited to be and appear before the Judges of the Orphans' Court, to be held at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of December next, then and there to accept or refuse to take the real estate of Catharine Laener, deceased, at the appraised valuation put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by the said Court, or show cause why the same should not be sold.

D. A. LUTHER,
Sheriff.

Ebensburg, Nov. 4, 1885.

A STATELY CEREMONY.

Excess of ceremony was the old expedient for making power venerable.—In these more practical days it oftener makes power ridiculous. A good deal of form and etiquette, however, are doubtless necessary in official places; at all events there is likely to be a good deal, especially under Imperial Governments—and the poor fellows who hold the places, and whose duties are chiefly traditional, must do something to earn their salary. It is no very great affair for a smart man or boy to lock the doors of a building, but the Government of England makes a very solemn and deliberate job of it. Large bodies move slowly.

Few persons are aware of the strictness with which the Tower of London is guarded from foes without and from treachery within. The ceremony of shutting it up every night continues to be as solemn and as rigidly precautionary as if the French invasion were actually on foot. Immediately after "tattoo" all strangers are expelled, and the gates once closed, nothing short of such imperative necessity as fire or sudden illness can procure their being re-opened until the appointed hour the next morning. The ceremony of locking up is very ancient, curious and stately. A few minutes before the clock strikes eleven—on Tuesdays and Fridays twelve—the head warden (yeoman porter), clothed in a long red cloak, bearing in his hand a huge bunch of keys, and attended by a brother-warden carrying a gigantic lantern, appears in front of the main guard house and calls out, in a loud voice:

"Escort keys!"

At these words the sergeant of the guard, with five or six men, turns out, and follows him to the "Spur," an outer gate, each sentry challenging, as they pass the post:

"Who goes there?"

"Keys."

The gates being carefully locked and barred—the warden wearing as solemn an aspect and making as much noise as possible—the procession returns, the sentries exacting the same explanation and receiving the same answers as before.

Arriving once more in front of the main guard house, the sentry there gives a loud stamp with his foot, and the following conversation takes place between him and the approaching party:

"Who goes there?"

"Keys."

"Where keys?"

"Queen Victoria's keys."

"Advance, Queen Victoria's keys, and all's well."

The yeoman porter then exclaims:

"God bless Queen Victoria!"

The main guard devoutly respond:

"Amen."

The officer on duty gives the word:

"Present arms!"

The firelocks rattle; the officer kisses the hilt of his sword; the escort fall in among their companions, and the yeoman porter marches majestically across the parade alone, to deposit the keys in the Lieutenant's lodgings. The ceremony over, not only is all egress and ingress totally precluded, but even within the walls no one can stir without being furnished with the countersign; and any one who, unhappily forgetful, ventures from his quarters unprovided with his talisman, is sure to be made the prey of the first sentinal whose post he crosses. All of which is pleasantly absurd, and reminds us of the stately manner in which the crown was carried about when the White Tower was on fire.

DESTROY OFFENSIVE ODORS.

There is no means more certain to bring disease upon members of a family than allowing infectious matter to remain upon the premises. The offensive odors that arise from damp places, decaying vegetables in the cellars, uncleaned sinks and privies, are almost certain to engender some malignant disease upon those who by gross neglect fail to disinfect in proper time the atmosphere around them.

Copperas, called sulphate of iron, dissolved in water, one fourth of a pound to a gallon, and poured into a sink drain as often as needed will keep it sweet. A little chloride of lime, say half a pound to the gallon of water, will have equally as good an effect, and either of these costs but a few cents.

To purify cistern water take a pound or two—according to the amount of water—of caustic soda or a similar quantity of concentrated lye, and put into the cistern; this will disinfect stagnant odorous waters, and the cost is nothing compared with the benefit derived. It is said that two grains of alum to a pint of water that is not fit to drink render it perfectly clear and pure, and the taste of alum will not be perceived. A little pulverized alum thrown into a pail of water allowed to stand for fifteen or twenty minutes will precipitate all the impurities and leave it perfectly clear. A larger quantity thrown into a well of impure water will very much improve it.

A damp cellar may be rectified by sprinkling copperas, chloride of lime or even common white lime over the floor. The most effective of anything that we ever used to disinfect decaying vegetable matter of any description is chloride of lime. One pound may be dissolved in two gallons of water where it is desirable to use it in liquid form. Another excellent absorbent of noxious smells is plaster of Paris, one part to three of pulverized charcoal.

The reason that there are so many unwholsome kitchens cannot be attributed to the lack of means to purify them, but to the slothfulness of those who have become accustomed to breathing foul air, yet they complain wonderfully when called upon to pay nature's penalty for disobeying nature's laws. A few pennies expended now for purifiers may save heavy doctor bills, and will certainly pay in comfort when surrounded by a healthy atmosphere.—*Tribune and Farmer.*

DO NOT attempt to get a milch cow very fat. A cow cannot fatten readily and produce milk at the same time. Consequently when the cow is noticed to be taking on fat she is correspondingly lessening her quantity of milk.

WARNER BRO'S
CELEBRATED
CORALINE
CORSETS
FLEXIBLE HIP HEALTH NURSING ABDOMINAL CORALINE MISSES

Mary Anderson writes: I am delighted with your Coraline Corset. It is perfect in fit and elegant in design and workmanship.

Coraline is not Hemp, Jute, Tampico, or Mexican Grass. Coraline is used in no goods except those sold by WARNER BROTHERS. The genuine Coraline is superior to whalebone, and gives honest value and perfect satisfaction. Imitations are a fraud and dear at any price. For sale by all leading merchants. Price from $1.00 up.

WARNER BROTHERS,
353 BROADWAY, New York. 141 & 143 WABASH AVE., Chicago.

PORTER AND DONALDSON
WHOLESALE HEADQUARTERS MILLINERY —AND— SPECIALTIES.
Corsets, Jerseys, Gloves, Veilings, Nets, Ladies' Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, Embroideries, Good Silks, Flosses and Arrasene.
Merchants and Milliners will receive our Monthly Journal of Fashion Free if they will send us their address.
Nos. 600, 602 & 604 LIBERTY STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

PE-RU-NA
Peruna is composed wholly of numerous vegetable ingredients, each one of which is known to be useful in medical practice. [illegible]
Chronic Catarrh, Consumption, General and Nervous Debility, Neuralgia, Chronic Rheumatism, Diabetis, Bright's Disease, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint and Diseases of the Stomach.
If your druggist is out of our pamphlets on the "Ills of Life," write to S. B. Hartman & Co., Columbus, O. [illegible]
MANALIN [illegible]

DR SELLERS'
OVER 1000000 BOTTLES SOLD AND NEVER FAILS TO CURE COUGHS, COLDS, THROAT AND ALL LUNG TROUBLES. ALL DRUGGISTS SELL IT. PRICE 25 CTS.
COUGH SYRUP
DON'T FORGET THAT DR LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER ALWAYS CURES PIMPLES, BOILS, SORE EYES, ALL SKIN DISEASES. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. R.E. SELLERS & CO. Props. PITTSBURGH, PA.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R. R. LANDS
In Minnesota, North Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington and Oregon.
From Lake Superior to Puget Sound.
[illegible] FREE [illegible] Acres of Government Land [illegible] CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Land Com'r, N. P. R. R., St. Paul, Minn.

Mason & Hamlin
ORGANS: [illegible] PIANOS: [illegible]
ORGAN AND PIANO CO.
154 Tremont St., Boston. 46 E. 14th St. (Union Sq.), N. Y. 149 Wabash Ave., Chicago.

FARM LOANS
7 to 8 per cent. [illegible] GOVERNMENT BONDS [illegible]
FISHER & CO. [illegible] Abilene, Kan.

FOR SALE!
[illegible]
CONSULT DR. DE BUTTS [illegible]
TO ADVERTISERS. [illegible] GEO. P. ROWELL & CO. 10 Spruce St., N. Y.

Made only of the finest and best quality of Glass for withstanding heat.
Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimneys made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the exact label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.
Manufactured ONLY by
GEO. A. MACBETH & CO.
Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works.
FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

AGENTS WANTED FOR OUR NEW BOOK
"SPY OF THE REBELLION."
Now selling by the *Tens of thousands!* No competition. Only book of its kind. The "SPY" reveals many secrets of the war never before published. A graphic account of the conspiracy to assassinate Lincoln. Perilous experiences of our Federal Spies in the Rebel Capitol; their heroic bravery fully recounted in these vivid sketches. The "Spy" is the most thrilling war book ever published. Endorsed by hundreds of Press and Agents' testimonials. A large handsome book, 6-8 pages, 50 illustrations.
AGENTS WANTED!
AGENTS! This book is out-selling all others. [illegible] G. W. CARLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT, [illegible]
WE GUARANTEE SIX BOXES [illegible]
JOHN C. WEST & CO.,
862 W. MADISON ST., CHICAGO, ILLS.,
Sole Prop's West's Liver Pills.

SELLERS' LIVER PILLS [illegible]

THE German, Flemish and Dutch women who help husband or father in his fields, are strong, hardy women who rear a stalwart race. Half the fine ladies who now find a few turns on the piazza almost too much for them would be all the better for a graduated scale of garden work. Beginning with a quarter of an hour a day they would find at the close of a month that they could easily do their two hours, and that they ate and slept as they never had done before, while they forgot that such evils as blue devils and nerves ever had any existence.

A HEALTHY fowl will drink fifteen to twenty times per day, and in a close coop, or in hot weather, still oftener. Therefore when fowls are shipped, all possible pains should be taken to properly fasten water cups in their cages.

A LITTLE charcoal fed two or three times a week to the pigs is beneficial in correcting acidity in the stomach, to which hogs are liable when fed upon corn and confined in a pen. They will eat it greedily and fatten much more rapidly with charcoal than without.

HINTS TO PREVENT FIRES.

Always buy the best quality of oil.

Never blow a lamp out from the top.

Never put a lamp on the edge of a table or mantel.

Never fill a lamp after dark, even if you have to go without a light.

Never make a sudden motion with a lamp, either in lifting or setting down.

See that the lamp wick is always clean and that it works freely in the tube.

Never take a light to a closet where there are clothes. If necessary to go to the closet, place the light at a distance.

Use candles when possible in going about the house and in bed rooms. They are cheaper and can't explode, and for many purposes are just as good as are lamps.

Matches should always be kept in stone or earthenware jars or tin.

They should never be left where rats and mice can get hold of them. There is nothing more to the taste of a rat than phosphorus. They will eat it if they can get at it. A bunch of matches is almost certain to be set on fire if a rat gets at it.

Have perfectly good safes in every place where matches are to be used, and never let a match be left on the floor.

Never let a match go out of your hand until the fire is out, and then it is better to put it in the stove or an earthenware dish.

It is far better to use the safety matches which can only be lighted upon the box which contains them.

Have your furnaces carefully examined in the fall and at least once during the winter by some competent person. All the pipes and flues should be carefully looked to.

If there are any closets in the house near chimneys or flues, which there ought not to be, do not put anything of a combustible nature into them. Such closets will soil silver and crack crockery and burn bedding. They form a bad part of any house that contains them.

Never leave any wood near a furnace, range or stove to dry.

Have your stoves looked to frequently to see that there are no holes for coal to drop out.

Never put any hot ashes or coals in a wooden receptacle.

Be sure there are no curtains or shades that can be blown into a gaslight.

Never examine a gas-meter after dark.—*Firemen's Herald.*

A Daily Defalcation.

The Hon. John Kelly, the head and front of Tammany Hall, a man of strict integrity, an indefatigable worker, early at his office, late to leave, so burdened with business that regular meals were seldom known by him, with mind in constant tension and energies steadily trained, finally broke down!

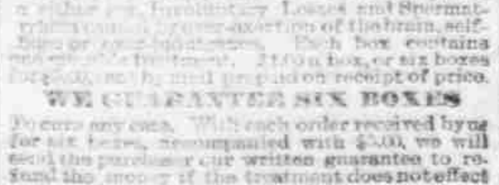
The wonder is that he did not sooner give way. An honest man in all things else, he acted unfairly with his physical resources. He was ever drawing upon this bank without ever depositing a collateral. The account overdrawn, the bank suspends and both are now in the hands of medical receivers.

It is not work that kills men. It is irregularity of habits and mental worry. No man in good health frets at his work. Bye and bye when the bank of vigor suspends, these men will wonder how it all happened, and they will keep wondering until their dying day unless, perchance, some candid physician or interested friend will point out to them how by irregularity, by excessive mental effort, by constant worry and fret, by plunging in deeper than they had a right to go, they have produced that loss of nervous energy which almost invariably expresses itself in a deranged condition of the kidneys and liver, for it is a well-known fact that the poison which the kidneys and liver should remove from the blood, if left therein, soon knocks the life out of the strongest and most vigorous man or woman. Daily building up of these vital organs by so wonderful and highly reputed a specific as Warner's safe cure, is the only guarantee that our business men can have that their strength will be equal to the labors daily put upon them.

Mr. Kelly has nervous dyspepsia, we learn, indicating, as we have said, a break-down of nerve force. His case should be a warning to others who pursue a like course, will certainly reach a like result.—*The Sunday Herald.*

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City.



THE GREAT CHINA TEA CO
Give away as premiums to those forming clubs for the sale of their TEAS and COFFEES, *Dinner, Tea and Toilet Sets, Silverware, Watches, etc.* WHITE TEA SETS of 46 and 68 pieces with $10 and $12 orders. Decorated TEA SETS of 44 & 56 pieces with $12 and $15 orders. STEM-WINDING SWISS WATCHES with $15 orders. GOLD BAND or Moss Rose Tea Sets of 44 pieces, or White Dinner Sets of 112 pieces, with $20 orders. Send us your address and mention this paper; we will mail you our Club Book containing a complete Premium & Price List. THE GREAT CHINA TEA CO.
210 STATE ST., BOSTON, MASS.

ANAKESIS.
PILES
"ANAKESIS" gives instant Relief, and is an infallible CURE for PILES. "ANAKESIS" is sold by Druggists everywhere. Price, $1.00 per box, prepaid, by mail. Samples sent free by P. Neustaedter & Co., No. [illegible] New York, Sole manuf. of "ANAKESIS."

THIS PAPER is on file in Philadelphia at the Newspaper Advertising Agency of Messrs. N. W. AYER & SON, our authorized agents.

WORTH $1,000.

The following may be worth $1,000 to you if you remember it.

The human body weighs a pound in water, and a chair will support two persons—that is, it will keep the head above water, which is all that is necessary when it is a question of life and death. One finger placed upon a chair or stool or box or small piece of board will easily keep the head above water, while the two feet and the other hand may be used to propel them toward the shore.

It is not necessary to know how to swim to keep from drowning. A little experience of the buoyant power of water, and faith in it is all that is required. We have seen a small boy who could not swim a stroke propel himself back and forth across a deep, wide pond by means of a board that would not sustain five pounds. Children and all others should have practice in the sustaining power of water. In nine cases out of ten the knowledge that what will sustain a pound weight is all that is necessary to keep the head above water will serve better in emergencies than the greatest expertness as a swimmer.

A person unfamiliar with the buoyant power will naturally try to climb on top of the floating object on which he tries to save himself. If it is large enough that is all right. But it is generally not large enough to keep all entirely above water. This often happens when pleasure boats capsize. All immediately want to get out of the water on top of overturned or half-filled boat, and all are drowned except those the wretched craft will wholly bear up.

If they simply trust the water to sustain 99-100 of the weight of their bodies and the disabled boat the other 1-100, they might all be saved under most circumstances. An overturned or half filled wooden boat will sustain more persons than it will carry. It would keep the heads above the water of as many people as could get their hands on the gunwale. These are simple facts, easily learned, and may some day save your life.

The Borrowing Family.

The borrowing family sent Jack over to Mrs. Smith's to borrow some vinegar.

"Go slow and speak politely," they said as they gave him the empty bottle and their blessing.

Jack gave a rap or two, and Mrs. Smith opened the door with a jerk.

"What do you want now?" she asked shortly.

Jack hemmed and hawed.

"Please ma'am, I came for—came for —cam——"

"There isn't a drop of camphor in the house," said Mrs. Smith, and slammed the door.

As the boy tumbled off the step he felt that the look she **gave him** would have kept the family in vinegar for a month.

IF turnips are fed to cows immediately after milking they will give no unpleasant flavor to the milk. The food is eaten, digested and passed off before the bulk of the milk is secreted in the bag. Even onions may be fed to cows without flavoring the milk if given long enough before milking.

THE average weight of milk is eight and five-eighth pounds per gallon of four quarts. Richness slightly varies it; the more cream the lighter the product. This is, however, the standard usually accepted in this country and Europe. In ordinary calculations, we reckon two pounds to a quart.

Advertising Cheats!!!

"It has become so common to begin an article, in an elegant, interesting style,

"Then run it into some advertisement, that we avoid all such,

"And simply call attention to the merits of Hop Bitters in as plain, honest terms as possible,

"To induce people

"To give them *one trial* which so proves their value that they will never use anything else."

"THE REMEDY so favorably noticed in all the papers

Religous and secular, is

"Having a large sale and is supplanting all other medicines.

"There is no denying the virtues of the Hop plant, and the proprietors of Hop Bitters have shown great shrewdness and ability, * * *

"In compounding a medicine whose virtues are so palpable to every one's observation."

Did She Die?

"No!

"She lingered and suffered along, pining away all the time for years."

"The doctors doing her no good;"

"And at last was cured by this Hop Bitters the papers say so much about."

"Indeed! Indeed!"

"How thankful we should be for that medicine."

A Daughter's Misery.

"Eleven years our daughter suffered on a bed of misery.

"From a complication of kidney, liver, rheumatic trouble and Nervous debility.

"Under the care of the best physicians,

"Who gave her disease various names,

"But no relief.

"And now, she is restored to us in good health by as simple a remedy as Hop Bitters, that we had shunned for years before using it." THE PARENTS.

None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

Curry Institute AND Union Business College
S. W. Corner Penn Ave. and Sixth St.
PITTSBURG, PA.
HON. WM. A. HERRON, Pres. of Board of Trustees. J. F. ANDREWS, Sec'y of Board.
The Largest, Most Thorough, Practical and Successful Commercial College & English Training School in Pennsylvania. 813 Students last year. Elegant Buildings, First-class Equipments, 27 Instructors. 15 Large Halls and Recitation Rooms, occupying an area of over 10,000 Sq. Ft.
Copies of the finest piece of Penmanship in the State mailed free with Handbook of School upon application to
HARMON D. WILLIAMS, Business Manager. JAS. CLARK WILLIAMS, A. M., Principal.

LADIES!
With Hanover's Taylor System you can cut Dresses to fit, without oral instructions. Dressmakers pronounce it perfect. Price for System Book and Double Tracing Wheel, $6.50.
TO INTRODUCE
A System Book and Wheel will be sent on receipt of $1.00. Address JOHN C. HANOVER, Cincinnati, O.

"Rough on Rats."
clears out rats, mice, roaches, flies, ants, bed-bugs.

Heart Pains.
Palpitation, dropsical swellings, dizziness, indigestion, headache, sleeplessness cured by Wells' Health Renewer.

"Rough on Corns."
Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick complete cure. Hard or soft corns, warts, bunions.

"Buchu-Paiba."
Quick, complete cure, all kidney, bladder and urinary diseases, scalding, irritation, stone, gravel, catarrh of the bladder. $1. druggists.

Bed-Bugs, Flies.
Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

Thin People.
"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, impotence, sexual debility. $1.

"Rough on Pain."
Cures cholera, colic, cramps, diarrhoea, aches, pains, sprains, headache, neuralgia, rheumatism. 20c. Rough on Pain Plasters, 15c.

Mothers.
If you are failing, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Well's Health Renewer." $1. Druggists.

Life Preserver.
If you are losing your grip on life, try "Wells' Health Renewer." Goes direct to weak spots.

"Rough on Piles."
Cures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protruding, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure, 50c. Druggists.

Pretty Women.
Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Well's Health Renewer."

"Rough on Itch."
"Rough on Itch" cures humors, eruptions, ringworm, tetter, salt rheum, frosted feet, chilblains.

"Rough on Catarrh."
Corrects offensive odors at once. Complete cure of worst chronic, also unequaled as gargle for diphtheria, sore throat, foul breath. 50c.

The Hope of the Nation.
Children, slow in development, puny, scrawny and delicate use "Wells' Health Renewer."

Catarrh of the Bladder.
Stinging, irritation, inflammation, all kidney and urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-Paiba." $1.

"Water Bugs, Roaches."
"Rough on Rats" clears them out, also beetles, ants.

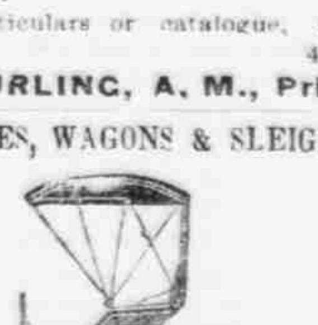
PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
the popular favorite for dressing the hair, Restoring the color when gray, and preventing Dandruff. It cleanses the scalp, stops the hair falling, and is sure to please. 50c. and $1. sizes at Druggists.

PARKER'S TONIC
The Best Cough Cure you can use and the best known preventive of Consumption.
PARKER'S TONIC kept in a home is a sentinel to keep sickness out. Used discreetly it keeps the blood pure and the Stomach, Liver and Kidneys in working order. Coughs and Colds vanish before it. It builds up the health.
If you suffer from Debility, Skin Eruptions, Cough, Asthma, Dyspepsia, Kidney, Urinary or Female Complaints, or any disorder of the Lungs, Stomach, Bowels, Blood or Nerves, don't wait till you are sick in bed, but use PARKER'S TONIC to-day; it will give you new life and vigor.
HISCOX & CO., N. Y.
Sold by Druggists. Large saving buying $1 size.

ELY'S Cream Balm Cleanses the Head. Allays Inflammation. Heals the Sores. Restores the Senses of Taste & Smell. A Quick & Positive Cure.
HAY-FEVER
A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable to use. Price 50 cts. by mail or at Druggists. Send for circular. ELY BROS., Druggists, Owego, N. Y.

THE NEW CORSET [illegible]
Sample Pair mailed for $1.00
Price [illegible] Ask for It [illegible]
J. G. FITZPATRICK & CO., [illegible]

State Normal School,
INDIANA, PA.
Will open for the new year,
Monday, September 7, 1885.
This is a thorough Professional School for teachers, presenting, also:
College Preparatory Department.
Musical Department.
Commercial Department.
To be sure of a room it should be ordered in advance.
For particulars or catalogue, address,
L. H. DURLING, A. M., Prin.



CARRIAGES, WAGONS & SLEIGHS
Carriage Making in all its Branches.
Painting, Trimming
and REPAIRING of all kinds done on the SHORTEST NOTICE and the LOWEST PRICES. [illegible] heavy [illegible]
All parties trusting me with work will be fairly dealt with. All work warranted.
Ebensburg, October 24, 1884. D. M. CHUTE.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA COMPANY
GOOD NEWS TO LADIES.
Greatest inducements ever offered. Now's your time to get up orders for our celebrated Teas and Coffees, and secure a beautiful Gold Band or Moss Rose China Tea Set, or Handsome Decorated Gold Band Moss Rose Dinner Set, or Gold Band Moss Decorated Toilet Set. For full particulars address
THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.,
P. O. Box 289. 31 and 33 Vesey St., New York.

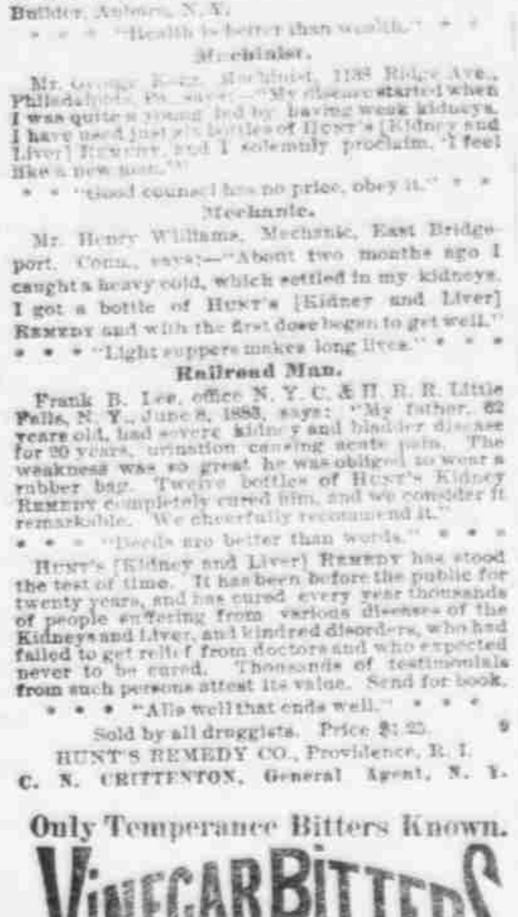
Illustrated American STOCK BOOK
[illegible] Price [illegible] $3.75 [illegible]
Agents Wanted. [illegible]
Knickerbocker Subscription Agency,
P. O. Box 830. 132 Nassau St., New York.

W. F. FOULK'S SON & CO.
Agents Pennsylvania Ohio and West Va., Association.
ALSO
Gen. Newspaper Advertising Agents.
OFFICES, DISPATCH BUILDING, FIFTH AVENUE,
Pittsburg, Pa.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

HUNT'S KIDNEY & LIVER REMEDY NEVER KNOWN TO FAIL

Lots of People Say, "OH MY BACK."
Here is Solid
A 1 TESTIMONY
from Hard Working Men.
[illegible] Machinist and Builder.
"I have [illegible] kidney and bladder [illegible] HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY [illegible] complete [illegible]"—William C. Clark, Mason and Builder, Auburn, N. Y.
* * *
Machinist.
Mr. George [illegible] Ridge Ave., Philadelphia [illegible] I was quite [illegible] I have used [illegible] HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY [illegible] like a new man."
* * *
Mechanic.
Mr. Henry Williams, Machinist, East Bridgeport, Conn. [illegible] caught a heavy cold, which settled in my kidneys. I got a bottle of HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY and [illegible]
* * *
Railroad Man.
Frank B. Lee, office N. Y. C. & H. R. R., Little Falls, N. Y. [illegible] years old [illegible] for 20 years [illegible] weakness [illegible] rubber [illegible] REMEDY [illegible] remarkable.
* * *
HUNT'S [Kidney and Liver] REMEDY has stood the test of time. It has been before the public for twenty years, and has cured many thousands of people [illegible] Kidneys and Liver, [illegible] failed to [illegible] never [illegible] from such [illegible]. Send for book.
* * *
All druggists. Price $1.25.
HUNT'S REMEDY CO., Providence, R. I.
C. N. CRITTENTON, General Agent, N. Y.



No other medicine known so effectually purges the blood of deep-seated diseases. Millions bear testimony to its wonderful curative effects.
It is a purely Vegetable Preparation, made from the native herbs and roots of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol.
It removes the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health.
It is the great Blood Purifier and Life-giving Principle; a Gentle Purgative and Tonic; a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the power of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to.
The Alterative, Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Anti-Bilious, Solvent, Diuretic and Tonic properties of VINEGAR BITTERS exceed those of any other medicine in the world.
No person can take the Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.
Bilious, Remittent, Intermittent and Malarial Fevers, are prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, [illegible] during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness.
These Fevers are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach, liver and bowels. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these organs, is absolutely necessary.
There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to DR. J. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS, as it will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.
Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fore-armed. It invigorates the stomach, and stimulates the torpid Liver and Bowels, cleansing the blood of all impurities, imparting life and vigor to the frame, and carrying off without the aid of Calomel, or other minerals, all poisonous matter from the system, without danger of administration, pain or weakness in its results.
Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Eructations of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Pain in the region of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms, are the offsprings of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.
For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Neuralgia, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, the Bitters have no equal. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood. VINEGAR BITTERS have shown the most surprising results in the cure of the most obstinate and intractable cases.
Mechanical Diseases.—Persons engaged in Paints and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subject to Paralysis of the Bowels. To guard against this take an occasional dose of VINEGAR BITTERS.
Skin Diseases, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Ulcers, Swellings, Pimples, Pustules, Boils, Carbuncles, Ring-worms, Scald-head, Sore Eyes, Erysipelas, Itch, Scurfs, Discolorations, Humors and diseases of the Skin, of whatever name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of the Bitters.
Pin, Tape and other Worms, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no vermifuges, no anthelmintics, will free the system from worms like VINEGAR BITTERS.
Measles, Scarlet Fever, Mumps, Whooping Cough, and all children's diseases may be made less severe by keeping the bowels open with mild doses of the Bitters.
For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, this Bitters has no equal.
Cleanse the Vitiated Blood when its impurities burst through the skin in Eruptions or Sores; cleanse it when obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when, and the health of the system will follow.
In conclusion: Give the Bitters a trial. It will speak for itself. One bottle is a better guarantee of its merits than a lengthy advertisement.
Around each bottle are full directions printed in different languages.
R. H. McDONALD DRUG CO., Proprietors, San Francisco, Cal., and 532, 534 and 536 Washington St., New York.
Sold by all Dealers and Druggists.

PATENTS
MUNN & CO., of the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, for the United States, Canada, England, France, Germany, etc. Hand Book about Patents sent free. Thirty-seven years' experience. Patents obtained through MUNN & CO. are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN, the largest, best, and most widely circulated scientific paper. $3.20 a year. Weekly. Splendid engravings and interesting information. Specimen copy of the Scientific American sent free. Address MUNN & CO., SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN Office, 261 Broadway, New York.

EVERY ONE Who Owns a WAGON Wants a FOLDING CANOPY TOP. Folds up in small compass. Weighs 25 lbs. Can be put on or taken off in 3 minutes. Made in sizes to fit all wagons, pleasure and business buggies. Send for circular and terms to agents wanted in every State where we have not sold. [illegible] H. G. BEERS [illegible] Conn.

ENGINES, VIBRATORS, THRESHING MACHINES, GRAIN DRILLS, CIDER mills
Warranted the best. Grain drills; the celebrated Pennsylvania Force feed Grain Drill. Cider Mills; the Farquhar American. SHELLERS, HAY PRESSES and IMPLEMENTS generally. Send for catalogue. A. B. FARQUHAR, Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, York, Pa.

Important to Canvassers.
WANTED—Live Canvassers in every county in the United States to sell the PATENT REVERSIBLE SAD IRON, which combines two complete Irons, Polisher, Fluter, &c. one iron doing the work of an entire set of ordinary irons. DOES AWAY WITH HOT KITCHENS. Price reasonable. Agents [illegible] Address, for circulars, &c., FOX SAD IRON CO., 95 Reade St., N. Y.

T. W. DICK, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in building of T. J. Lloyd, dec'd, [first floor,] Centre street. All manner of legal business attended to satisfactorily, and collections a specialty. [10-14.-tf.]

JOHN E. SCANLAN, ATTORNEY AT LAW, EBENSBURG, PA. [illegible]

DAVY CROCKETT.

"Who was Davy Crockett?" [illegible] will give a synopsis of his history. Davy Crockett, the famous backwoodsman, hunter, soldier and legislator, was born at Limestone, on the Nolachucky river, in Tennessee, on August 17, 1786. His father—of Irish birth—after several other avocations opened a tavern on the road from Abington to Knoxville, where David passed his youth from seven to twelve years of age. He was sent to a country school, but on the fourth day quarreled with the schoolmaster, and after playing truant for a time, fled from home to avoid a flogging threatened by both his father and master. For five years he roved about with drovers and carriers, till in his eighteenth year he returned home, attended school two months, learning his letters for the first time, and soon after married. He then went to live in the wildest portion of the State, where he distinguished himself as mighty hunter and a crack shot, as attested by the famous coon story; as a matter of fact the real hero of that anecdote was Captain Martin Scott—a person scarcely less distinguished in his day as a sportsman than Davy Crockett himself. In 1813 Davy Crockett served in the Creek war under Gen. Jackson, and after the peace settled at Shoal Creek, a desolate region in Tennessee. A community of reckless characters having gathered together, it was found necessary to establish a temporary government, and he was appointed one of the magistrates. He soon after became a candidate for the legislature, and made a successful electioneering tour by shooting at matches and telling amusing stories. He was re-elected to the legislature, but in leisure intervals devoted himself especially to bear hunting, till in 1827 he was elected by the party of Jackson representative in Congress. At Washington he obtained notoriety by the eccentricity of his manner and language. In 1829 he was again chosen to Congress, but soon after changed from a partisan to an opponent of the Jackson administration, and in 1831 it required his most strenuous efforts to secure his election. Finding the influence of Jackson irresistible in Tennessee, Crockett sought a new career in Texas, then in revolt against Mexico, and after a series of military exploits, met his death at Fort Alamo in San Antonio de Bexar. After a hard siege the survivors, six in number, including Crockett, surrendered, but by the order of Santa Anna they were put to death March 6, 1836.

Driving Boys From Home.

Mothers who are disturbed by the noise and untidiness of boys at home must be careful lest by their [illegible] they drive their children from home in search of pleasure elsewhere. "There are those carpets all fingermarked again," said Mrs. Carey as she [illegible] haste with a soft linen cloth to polish down the shining oak again. "George," she said, with a flushed face, as she gave the cloth a decided wrench out of the basin, "if you go up those stairs again before bedtime you will be punished."

"I should like to know where I am to go?" said George. "I cannot stay in the kitchen, I am so much in the way; I can't go into the parlor [illegible] muss that up; and now you say I can't go into my own room. I know a grand place where I can go," he said to himself; "boys are never in the way there, and we can have lots of fun. I'll go down to [illegible] ner. I can smoke a cigar [illegible] any boy, if it did make me sick the first time. They shall not [illegible] at me again about it." And so the careful housekeeper virtually drove her son from the door to hang about the steps and sit under the broad [illegible] of the village grog shop.

Hints for Young Women.

Be natural; a poor diamond is better than a good imitation.

Try to be accurate, not only for your own sake, but for the sake of your sex; the incapacity of the female mind for accuracy is a standard argument against the equality of the sexes though it may be false.

Observe; the faculty of observation well cultivated, makes practical men and women.

Be ready in time for church; if you do not respect yourself sufficiently to be punctual, respect the feelings of other people.

Avoid causes of irritation in the family circle; reflect that home is the place in which to be agreeable.

Be reticent; the world at large has no interest in your private affairs.

Cultivate the habit of listening to others; it will make you an agreeable member of society to say nothing of the advantage it will be to you, when you marry; every man likes to talk about himself; a good listener makes a delightful wife.

Be content; "martyrs" are detestable; a cheerful, happy spirit is infectious; you can carry it about with you like a sunny atmosphere.

Be truthful; avoid exaggeration; if you mean a mile, say a mile, and not a mile and a-half; if you mean one, say one, and not a dozen.

All Sorts of Paragraphs.

A cold spell—I c e.

Song of the cowboy—O[illegible]

A tough citizen—The boarding house steak.

Fish are generally weighed in their own scales.

The dance most popular in [illegible] cheus at this season: Can-can.

An Omaha man advertises a [illegible] horse. What strange tastes some people have.

There are two sides to every question, but a bullheaded man will always think that he is right.

What is the difference between truth and egg? Truth crushed to earth will rise again. Eggs won't.

The coachman's occupation is more agreeable than that of the hostler, as the latter is more stable.

One reason why the Germans are so philosophical is that they are always ready for the "wurst."

We do not know as horses are liable to disease, but we have heard of cholera in-fantum.